FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Patricia Harris
DOCKET NO.: 24-53796.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-33-131-058-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Patricia Harris, the appellant, by attorney Thomas E. Sweeney, of Siegel Jennings Co., LPA in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds ***No Change*** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$37,092
IMPR.:	$82,909
TOTAL:	$120,001

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,774 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 131 years old. Features of the home include a full basement with finished area,[1] a fireplace and a 2-car garage. The property has an approximately 2,393 square foot site and is located in Chicago, North Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-10 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood as the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-10, 2-story or 3-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from

[1] The board of review indicated the subject's basement has a finished area, which was not refuted by the appellant.

1,751 to 2,100 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 132 to 148 years old. Four comparables have full basements, but no data was disclosed if the basements have finished area, if any. Comparable #2 has a slab foundation. One comparable has central air conditioning, three comparables have 1 or 2 fireplaces, and one comparable has a 4-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from $56,375 to $76,646 or from $31.00 to $38.52 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to $60,795 or $34.27 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of $120,001. The subject property has an improvement assessment of $82,909 or $46.74 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood as the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-10, 2-story or 3-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,602 to 1,790 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 122 to 150 years old. The comparables have partial or full basements with finished area, central air conditioning, and a fireplace. Two comparables each have a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from $83,353 to $101,191 or from $52.03 to $56.53 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine comparables for the Board's consideration. The board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 as well as the board of review's comparable #3 which are less similar to the subject in story height, dwelling size, and/or foundation type than the other comparables in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables which are relatively similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size and foundation type. However, these comparables still require adjustments for varying degrees of similarity to the subject in features, such as the lack of a basement finish and/or a garage amenity, and/or the presence of central air conditioning. These six comparables have improvement assessments ranging from $56,375 to $91,352 or from $32.20 to $53.05 per square foot of living area. Excluding appellant's comparable #3 and board of review's comparable #2 which are at the low end and high end of the value range yields a tighter range from $76,645 to $89,375 or from $38.52 to $52.08 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of

$82,909 or $46.74 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 17, 2026

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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