



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Ed Muralles
DOCKET NO.: 24-53058.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 13-02-109-026-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ed Muralles, the appellant, by attorney Andrew S. Dziuk, of Andrew Dziuk, Esq. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$12,992
IMPR.: \$34,008
TOTAL: \$47,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a 2-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,764 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 71 years old. Features of the property include a basement, central air conditioning¹ and a 2-car garage. The property has a 4,191 square foot site located in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-05 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood as the subject. The comparables

¹ The Board finds the subject has central air conditioning according to Section III of the appeal petition and the board of review's grid analysis, which was unrefuted by the appellant.

consist of class 2-05, single family dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,727 to 2,086 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 67 to 83 years old. Each comparable has a basement, one comparable has a fireplace, and three comparables each have either a 1-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$28,308 to \$32,096 or from \$13.99 to \$16.76 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$24,678 or \$13.99 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject property of \$47,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$34,008 or \$19.28 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood and block as the subject. Three comparables are also located along the same street as the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-05, 2-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,593 to 1,724 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 72 or 73 years old. The comparables have basements, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. One comparable has a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$31,008 to \$34,008 or from \$19.31 to \$19.85 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables which lack central air conditioning and/or a garage amenity when compared to the subject. Moreover, the appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #3 are also less similar to the subject in age or dwelling size than the other comparables in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables which are located within the same assessment neighborhood and block as the subject and are relatively similar to the subject in design, age, dwelling size and other features. These four comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$31,008 to \$34,008 or from \$19.31 to \$19.85 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessments of \$34,008 or \$19.28 per square foot of living area matches the board of review comparable #1 with the highest improvement assessment of the four best comparables in the record and falls below the range on a per square foot of living area basis. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with

clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement is inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

July 21, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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