



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Sekhar Sompalli
DOCKET NO.: 24-50986.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 17-03-202-032-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Sekhar Sompalli, the appellant, by attorney Michael R. O'Malley, of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$96,130
IMPR.: \$200,609
TOTAL: \$296,739

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a 3-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 4,362 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 109 years old. Features include a full basement, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 3,096 square foot site and is located in Chicago, North Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-06 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant content assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables are improved with 2-story or 3-story, class 2-06 dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,946 to 4,666 square feet of living area. The homes are 73 to 136 years old. Each

comparable has a full or partial basement, three comparables each have central air conditioning, four comparables each have two or four fireplaces, and four comparables each have a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$113,180 to \$139,952 or from \$29.73 to \$35.40 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$296,739. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$200,609 or \$45.99 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables are improved with 2-story or 3-story, class 2-06 dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,246 to 4,752 square feet of living area. The homes are from 105 to 147 years old. Each comparable has a full basement and from one to five fireplaces, three comparables each have central air conditioning, and two comparables each have a 1-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$190,002 to \$345,570 or from \$53.94 to \$72.72 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2, #4, and #5, as well as board of review comparable #4, due to substantial differences when compared to the subject in age, dwelling size, and/or design. The Board also gives less weight to board of review comparable #1 which has an improvement that is substantially higher than the subject and other comparables in this record and, thus, makes this comparable an outlier.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparable #3, as well as board of review comparables #2 and #3, which have the same neighborhood code as the subject and are overall more similar to the subject in design/class, age, dwelling size, and many features. The best comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$125,003 to \$244,247 or from \$31.46 to \$58.02 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$200,609 or \$45.99 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

October 20, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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