FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Glenn Weintraub
DOCKET NO.: 24-49527.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 04-04-302-043-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Glenn Weintraub, the appellant(s), by attorney Adam Rogozinsky, of Worsek & Vihon LLP in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds ***No Change*** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$14,583
IMPR.:	$91,944
TOTAL:	$106,527

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of an approximately 24-year-old, two-story, single-family dwelling of masonry construction with 5,182 square feet of living area. Features of the home include a full basement, central air conditioning, and a three-car garage. The property has an 18,229 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Northfield Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a Class 2-09 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five Class 2-09 comparables with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. The appellant listed the comparable properties as being

located between approximately 4.7 and 5 miles[1] from the subject property and within the same neighborhood as the subject property. The comparables had improvement assessments ranging from $13.72 to $15.18 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to $88,841.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of $106,527. The subject property has an improvement assessment of $91,944 or $17.74 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three Class 2-09 suggested equity comparables with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. One comparable property was located within a block of the subject property, one comparable property was located within a quarter of a mile from the subject property, and one other comparable property was the same subarea as the subject property. The comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from $19.10 to $22.02 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the assessment be confirmed.

This case was scheduled for hearing before a PTAB Administrative Law Judge for September 18, 2026; however, the parties entered into a written agreement to waive hearing and have a decision rendered based on the previously submitted evidence. The PTAB accepted the waiver and agreed to write the decision based on the previously submitted evidence.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proven by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof, and that a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparable #2 and the board of review's comparables #1 and #3. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from $15.18 to $22.02 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of $17.74 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. After considering all the comparables submitted by the parties with emphasis on those properties that are more proximate in location, more similar in size, and with similar features relative to the subject and after further considering the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported. The Board finds that the appellant failed to demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that

[1] The Board takes judicial notice of the appellant's filings in 2023-54693, which provided the same comparables in that case as in this case. The comparables listed in 2023-54693 were located between 0.2 and 0.7 miles from the subject property. The appellant appears to have made a scrivener's error with regard to proximity in this filing. The Board finds the distances provided in the 2023-54693 record to be correct and finds that the proximity of the comparables submitted in this case are between 0.2 and 0.7 miles from the subject property.

the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and, therefore, a reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 17, 2026

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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