



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: John E Scott
DOCKET NO.: 24-46771.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 18-18-202-011-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John E Scott, the appellant(s), by attorney Robert J. Paul, Attorney at Law in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$17,698
IMPR.: \$30,792
TOTAL: \$48,490

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 19,664 square foot site. It is improved with a 62-year-old, one-story, single-family dwelling of masonry construction, with 2,065 square feet of living area. The subject property is located in Western Springs, Lyons Township, Cook County and is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of its market value argument, the appellant completed Section IV – Recent Sale Data in its Residential Appeal Form indicating the subject property was purchased on February 16, 2021, for \$484,900, the sale did not occur between family members, was sold by a realtor, and was advertised for sale with the multiple listing service for a period of six months. Also, the appellant submitted copies of the Settlement Statement. The Settlement Statement lists payments made to both the buyer's and the seller's real estate brokerages and seller's attorney's fees. The appellant also submitted a copy of

the board of review's written decision reflecting its final total assessment for the subject property of \$57,999. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment to \$48,490.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total valuation assessment for the subject property of \$58,000 and an improvement assessment of \$40,302. The valuation assessment reflects a market value of \$580,000, or \$280.87 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four suggested comparables. Each comparable was improved with either a one-story or a one-and-one-half-story, single-family residence of either masonry, frame, or or frame and masonry construction. The comparables ranged from 2,996 to 4,255 square feet of living area and from 62 to 100 years of age. One of the board of review's comparables sold in June of 2022 for \$1,351,000, or \$317.51 per square foot of living area. In addition, the board of review included information in its grid analysis indicating the subject property sold in March of 2021 for \$484,900, or \$234.82 per square foot of living area.

Conclusion of Law

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the assessment as established by the Board for the 2023 tax year should be carried forward to the tax year at issue as provided by section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code.

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) states in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision reducing the subject's assessment for the 2023 tax year. The record further indicates that the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling and that 2023 and 2024 are within the same general assessment period. The record contains no evidence indicating the subject property sold in an arm's length transaction after the Board's decision or that the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board has been reversed or modified upon review. For these reasons, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted to reflect the assessment as established in the Board's prior year's decision.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

July 21, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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