



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Techno Magnetic Media & Computer Supplies, Inc.  
DOCKET NO.: 24-39243.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 15-15-309-021-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Techno Magnetic Media & Computer Supplies, Inc., the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$3,216  
**IMPR.:** \$17,784  
**TOTAL:** \$21,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 1,462 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 76 years old. The home features a basement, 1½ bathrooms and a 2.5-car garage. The property has a 5,360 square foot site and is located in Maywood, Proviso Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and are located from .5 of a mile to 1 mile from the subject property. The comparables are class 2-03 properties that are improved with 1.5-story dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,548 to 1,777 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 97 to 100 years old.

The comparables each have a basement, 1½ or 2 bathrooms and a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. Comparable #4 has a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$17,638 to \$20,186 or from \$11.12 to \$11.39 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$16,506 or \$11.29 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$21,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$17,784 or \$12.16 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and are located within the same block or approximately ¼ of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are class 2-03 properties that are improved with 1.5-story dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,128 to 1,512 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 73 to 95 years old. The comparables each have a basement, two of which have finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, 1½ bathrooms and a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$18,127 to \$19,203 or from \$12.42 to \$17.02 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparable #3 due to its larger dwelling size, when compared to the subject. The Board has given reduced weight to the four comparables submitted by the board of review, which have central air conditioning, unlike the subject and/or smaller dwelling sizes, when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #4, which are relatively similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design and some features. However, the Board finds all three dwellings are from 22 to 25 years older than the subject and two comparables each have a smaller garage capacity, when compared to the subject, suggesting upward adjustments would be required to make the comparables more equivalent to the subject. Conversely, one comparable has a fireplace, suggesting a downward adjustment for this difference would be necessary. Nevertheless, the comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$17,638 to \$19,025 or from \$11.12 to \$11.39 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$17,784 or \$12.16 per square foot of

living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record in terms of total improvement assessment but above the range on a per square foot of living area basis, which appears to be logical given the subject's superior age and garage capacity. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 21, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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