



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Alec Fett
DOCKET NO.: 24-27227.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 17-07-327-024-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Alec Fett, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **a reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$23,380
IMPR.: \$46,700
TOTAL: \$70,080

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 2,016 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 19 years old. The home features a full unfinished basement, 3½ bathrooms, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 3,771 square foot site and is located in West Chicago, Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.40 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables consist of class 2-78, 2-story dwellings of frame or masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,686 to 2,016 square feet of living area. The dwellings are

from 18 to 28 years old. Each comparable has a full basement, either 1½, 2 or 3½ bathrooms, central air conditioning, and a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$25,936 to \$45,626 or from \$15.38 to \$22.63 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$39,393 or \$19.54 per square foot of gross building area. The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$72,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$48,620 or \$24.12 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables, which are located within the subject's subarea but a different assessment neighborhood than the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-78, 2-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,244 to 2,467 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 19 or 20 years old. Each comparable has a full basement, with three having finished area, either 2, 2½ or 3½ bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. Two comparables each have central air conditioning, and three comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$79,757 to \$93,253 or from \$35.54 to \$38.17 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted seven comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #3 and #4 due to their smaller dwelling sizes when compared to the subject. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables which differ in location, dwelling size, and/or lack central air conditioning, unlike the subject, when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 which are overall most similar, including one of which is identical, to the subject in location, age, dwelling size and most features. However, these two comparables have smaller bathroom counts, suggesting upward adjustments are needed for this feature to make them more equivalent to the subject. These two comparables have improvement assessments of \$38,400 and \$45,626 or \$20.10 and \$22.63 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$48,620 or \$24.12 per square foot of living area falls above the two best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the two best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is excessive. The Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

October 20, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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