



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Matt & Hadley Vold
DOCKET NO.: 24-04384.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 09-15-108-050

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Matt & Hadley Vold, the appellants, by attorney George J. Relias, of Relias Law Group, Ltd. in Chicago; and the DuPage County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$62,831
IMPR.: \$260,811
TOTAL: \$323,642

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 3,704 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2014. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage with 674 square feet of building area.¹ The property has a site with approximately 14,062 square feet of land area and is located in Westmont, Downers Grove Township, DuPage County.

The appellants contend assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellants submitted information on three suggested equity comparables. The comparables are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .20 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,663 to 4,048 square feet of living area. The comparables were built in 2013 or 2014. Each comparable has an unfinished basement,

¹ The Board finds the best description of the subject is found in the evidence provided by the board of review, that was not refuted by the appellants.

central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 613 to 782 square feet of building area.² The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$234,367 to \$257,613 or from \$63.58 to \$64.02 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$236,517 or \$63.85 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$323,642. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$260,811 or \$70.41 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five suggested equity comparables. The comparables are located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .45 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,539 to 3,785 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 2011 to 2023. Each comparable has a basement, four with finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 574 to 884 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$248,214 to \$301,212 or from \$69.91 to \$82.25 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellants' comparables as well as board of review comparable #4 due to their unfinished basements when compared to the subject. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1, #2, #3 and #5. The Board finds that these comparables are most similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, finished basement, age and some features. These most similar comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$248,214 to \$301,212 or from \$69.61 to \$82.25 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$260,811 or \$70.41 per square foot of living area falls within the range of the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the assessment is justified.

² The board of review submitted a grid analysis of the appellants' comparables disclosing that each comparable has an unfinished basement and central air conditioning, which was not refuted by the appellants.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

December 23, 2025



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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