



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Mark Filler
DOCKET NO.: 24-02315.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-23-415-015

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Mark Filler, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$185,536
IMPR.: \$955,511
TOTAL: \$1,141,047

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2.5-story dwelling of brick and stucco exterior construction with 8,271 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1913, is 111 years old, and has an effective year built of 1980. Features of the home include a full basement with finished area, central air conditioning, three fireplaces, a 1,590 square foot garage, an inground swimming pool, and an indoor basketball court. The property has a 34,180 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with regard to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within .49 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of 2-story or 2.5-story dwellings of stone, stucco, or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 6,182 to 11,460 square feet of living area. The

homes range in age from 23 to 130 years old. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 864 to 1,440 square feet of building area. Two comparables are reported to have crawl-space foundations and two comparables each have basements with finished area. Three comparables each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$450,989 to \$773,818 or from \$66.08 to \$104.03 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$855,512 or \$103.44 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$1,141,047. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$955,551 or \$115.53 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood and within .58 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of brick, stone, or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 6,874 to 8,888 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 15 to 23 years old. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, four or five fireplaces, and a basement with finished area. Three comparables each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$824,506 to \$993,410 or from \$100.53 to \$131.47 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board gives reduced weight to the comparables submitted by the appellant, as well as the board of review's comparables #3 and #4, which differ from the subject in dwelling size and/or lack an inground swimming pool, a feature of the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market assessment equity to be the board of review's comparables #1 and #2, which are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, and some features. These best comparables have improvement assessments of \$893,520 and \$993,410 or from \$100.53 and \$120.33 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$955,551 or \$115.53 per square foot of living area is bracketed by the two best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and

convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

March 17, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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COUNTY

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