

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Johnathan Kiwala DOCKET NO.: 24-02002.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 07-30-213-019

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Johnathan Kiwala, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$21,953 **IMPR.:** \$131,887 **TOTAL:** \$153,840

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 3,676 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1998 and is approximately 26 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, three full bathrooms, two half bathrooms, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 420 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 8,320 square foot site and is located in Grayslake, Warren Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and are

¹ The parties differ as to the description of the subject dwelling. The Board finds the best description of the subject is found in the subject's property record card provided by the board of review.

located along the same street as the subject and within .14 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,549 to 3,676 square feet of living area. The dwellings are each 29 years old. The comparables reportedly each have an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, from two to four full bathrooms, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 420 to 441 square feet of building area. Eight comparables each have an additional half bathroom. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$117,820 to \$132,040 or from \$32.46 to \$35.96 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$127,373 or \$34.65 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$153,840. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$131,887 or \$35.88 per square foot of living area.

In response to the appeal, the board of review submitted a memorandum prepared by the township assessor. The assessor noted differences between the appellant's comparables and the subject property.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review, through the township assessor submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and are located along the same street as the subject and within .12 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction containing 3,672 or 3,676 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 27 or 28 years old. The comparables each have a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, three or four full bathrooms, one or two additional half bathrooms, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 420 to 660 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$130,127 to \$132,759 or from \$35.40 to \$36.15 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted 13 equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables, which reportedly lack basement finish, a feature of the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the four comparables submitted by the board of review, which have basement finish, like the subject and are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design, age and some features. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$130,127 to \$132,759 or from \$35.40 to \$36.15 per square foot of living area. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$131,887 or \$35.88 per square foot of living area, which falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record both in terms of total improvement assessment and on a per square foot of living area basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
Dan De Kinie	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 25, 2025
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Johnathan Kiwala, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 40 Landover Parkway Suite 3 Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085