

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: James Middendorf DOCKET NO.: 24-01488.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 07-32-401-024

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are James Middendorf, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$32,920 **IMPR.:** \$159,769 **TOTAL:** \$192,689

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 2,636 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 23 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage with 552 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 12,406 square foot site and is located in Gurnee, Warren Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales. Each comparable is located in a different neighborhood code as the subject and located from 1.25 to 1.90 miles from the subject property. The comparable have sites ranging in size from 6,534 to 39,439 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of wood frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,295 to 2,821 square feet of living area that range in age from 30 to 53 years old. The appellant reported that each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 420 to 600 square feet of building area. Four comparables each

have one fireplace. The comparables sold from January 2023 to July 2024 for prices ranging from \$340,000 to \$464,900 or from \$134.92 to \$195.83 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$192,689. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$578,125 or \$219.32 per square foot of living area, land included, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

In response to the appeal, the board of review, through the township assessor, submitted a memorandum on the appellant's comparables stating the differences in age and distances from the subject.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales. Each comparable is located in the same assessment neighborhood as the subject and are located from .04 to .44 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 12,083 to 28,087 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with 1-story or 1.5-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 2,125 to 2,636 square feet of living area that range in age from 22 to 26 years old. Each comparable has a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage containing either 506 or 552 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from August 2022 to July 2024 for prices ranging from \$699,900 to \$750,000 or from \$284.52 to \$329.41 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested increase of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of nine comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparable sales due to their location of over one mile away from the subject property. The Board has given reduced weight to board of review comparable sales #3 and #4 due to their smaller dwelling sizes when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be board of review comparable sales #1 and #2. The Board finds that these two comparables are relatively similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, age, and some features. These two comparables sold in August

¹ Procedural rule Sec. 1910.50(c)(1) provides that in all counties other than Cook, the three-year county wide assessment level as certified by the Department of Revenue will be considered. 86 Ill.Admin.Code Sec. 1910.50(c)(1). As of the development of this Final Administrative decision, the Department of Revenue has not published figures for tax year 2024.

2022 and July 2024 for prices of \$750,000 or \$284.52 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$578,125 or \$285.00 per square foot of living area, including land, falls below the market value of the two best comparable sales in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the two best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

2	1. Fer
	Chairman
C. L. R.	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

October 21, 2025
1111216
Child Park Table 1

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

James Middendorf, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 40 Landover Parkway Suite 3 Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085