



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Susan Schreiber  
DOCKET NO.: 24-01441.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 06-34-205-028

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Susan Schreiber, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$17,729  
**IMPR.:** \$198,498  
**TOTAL:** \$216,227

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story lakefront dwelling of log frame exterior construction with 3,036 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2002 and is 22 years old. Features of the home include three full and one half bathrooms, a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a 625 square foot garage. The property has an 18,247 square foot site, including 11,972 square feet of lake/lake bottom, and is located in Grayslake, Avon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparable sales located from 32. Of a mile to 1.32 miles from the subject. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,534 to 3,086 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 27 to 36 years old. Each dwelling has two full and one half or four full bathrooms,

central air conditioning, a fireplace, a basement, and a garage ranging in size from 483 to 651 square feet of building area. The parcels range in size from 9,178 to 12,667 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from May to August 2024 for prices ranging from \$420,000 to \$585,000 or from \$165.75 to \$198.57 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced assessment of \$163,928, for an estimated market value of \$491,833 or \$162.00 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$216,227. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$648,746 or \$213.68 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.<sup>1</sup>

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on two comparable sales located within the subject's Grayslake – Lakefront assessment neighborhood and within .41 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of 1-story or 1.5-story dwellings of brick or vinyl siding exterior construction containing either 1,042 or 1,648 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 66 or 73 years old. Each dwelling has one full and one half or two full bathrooms, central air conditioning, a basement with one having finished area, and a garage containing 300 or 596 square feet of building area. One comparable has a fireplace. The parcels contain 8,747 or 15,207 square feet of land area. The comparables sold in December 2023 and May 2024 for prices of \$275,000 and \$430,000 or for \$260.92 and \$263.92 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seven comparable sales to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #3, and #4, which are located more than one mile from the subject. The Board also gives reduced weight to the comparables presented by the board of review, which despite their lakefront location, differ markedly from the subject in design, age, and dwelling size.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparables #2 and #5, which sold proximate to the January 1, 2024 assessment date at issue and are similar to the

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<sup>1</sup> Procedural rule Sec. 1910.50(c)(1) provides that in all counties other than Cook, the three-year county wide assessment level as certified by the Department of Revenue will be considered. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.50(c)(1). Prior to the drafting of this decision, the Department of Revenue has yet to publish figures for tax year 2024.

subject in location, dwelling size, and features, although the record is silent as to whether these are waterfront properties like the subject. The comparables sold in May and August 2024 for prices of \$515,000 and \$585,000 or for \$173.05 and \$198.57 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$648,746 or \$213.68 per square foot of living area, including land, which is above the two best comparable sales in this record but appears supported given the subject's newer dwelling, lakefront location, and bathroom count in relation to the best comparables. Based on this evidence and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

February 17, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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