



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Richard Powers
DOCKET NO.: 24-01421.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-03-304-003

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Richard Powers, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$27,208
IMPR.: \$134,201
TOTAL: \$161,409

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 1,694 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1908 and is approximately 116 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning and a garage with 828 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 8,516 square foot site and is located in Fox Lake, Grant Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located from .14 of a mile to 1.29 miles from the subject and in a different assessment neighborhood as the subject property. The comparables have sites that range in size from 5,920 to 10,829 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with 1.5-story or 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,414 to 1,954 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 73 to 112 years old. Each comparable has a basement, one with finished area. Three comparables each have central air conditioning and one comparable has one fireplace. The comparables sold

in May or June 2024 for prices ranging from \$119,000 to \$415,000 or from \$60.90 to \$216.15 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$161,409. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$484,275 or \$285.88 per square foot of living area, land included, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.¹

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales. Comparable #3 is the same property as the appellant's comparable #4. The comparables are located from .08 of a mile to 1.32 miles from the subject property. Comparable #2 is in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 5,920 to 17,733 square feet of land area. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,843 to 2,093 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 1886 or 1940. Each comparable has a basement, one with finished area and central air conditioning. One comparable has one fireplace and two comparables each have a garage with 748 or 928 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from September 2022 to April 2024² for prices ranging from \$415,000 to \$585,000 or from \$216.15 to \$317.42 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of six comparable sales for the Board's consideration, with one comparable being common to both parties. The Board has given less weight to appellant's comparables #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparable #1 due to their distance of over one mile away from the subject. The Board has given reduced weight to appellant's comparable #1 which appears to be an outlier with its considerably lower sale price, when compared to other comparables in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be board of review comparable #2 along with appellant's comparable #4/board of review comparable #3. The Board finds that these two comparables are most similar to the subject in location, design, and some features. However,

¹ Procedural rule Sec. 1910.50(c)(1) provides that in all counties other than Cook, the three-year county wide assessment level as certified by the Department of Revenue will be considered. 86 Ill.Admin.Code Sec. 1910.50(c)(1). As of the development of this Final Administrative decision, the Department of Revenue has not published figures for tax year 2024.

² The board of review reported the common comparable to have a sale date of April 2024 that was not refuted by the appellant.

both comparables are newer in age and larger in dwelling size suggesting adjustments would be required to make these comparables more equivalent to the subject. Nevertheless, these two most similar comparables sold in July 2023 and April 2024 for prices of \$415,000 and \$585,000 or \$216.15 and \$317.42 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$484,275 or \$285.88 per square foot of living area, including land, is bracketed by the two best comparable sales in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: January 20, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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