



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Aspasia Boyles  
DOCKET NO.: 24-00555.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 09-30-402-007

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Aspasia Boyles, the appellant, by attorney George J. Relias, of Relias Law Group, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Kane County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Kane** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$37,240  
**IMPR.:** \$145,927  
**TOTAL:** \$183,167

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Kane County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2024 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and frame exterior construction with 3,013 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1988 and is 36 years old. Features of the home include a full basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a garage containing 672 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 27,180 square foot site and is located in St. Charles, St. Charles Township, Kane County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within .5 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,220 to 3,402 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 46 to 55 years old. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, a fireplace, a full or partial basement with three having finished area, and a garage

ranging in size from 440 to 665 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$86,858 to \$147,063 or from \$34.57 to \$43.23 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$115,970 or \$38.49 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$183,167. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$145,927 or \$48.43 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within .41 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of frame or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,340 to 3,015 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1975 to 2001. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces, a basement, and a garage ranging in size from 594 to 842 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$110,102 to \$164,509 or from \$47.05 to \$54.94 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

In rebuttal, the appellant argued that the board of review's comparables differ from the subject in location, dwelling size, bathroom count, and/or fireplace count.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to the comparables submitted by the appellant, which differ from the subject in age, dwelling size, and/or feature finished basement area unlike the subject. The Board also gives less weight to board of review comparable #1, which differs from the subject in dwelling size.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #2, #3, and #4, which are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, and features. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$139,666 to \$164,509 or from \$49.09 to \$54.94 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$145,927 or \$48.43 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record overall and below the range on a per-square-foot basis. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence

that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

October 21, 2025



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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