FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Carol Scholler
DOCKET NO.: 23-34384.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 09-07-424-004-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Carol Scholler, the appellant, by attorney Andrew S. Dziuk, of Andrew Dziuk, Esq. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds ***A Reduction*** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$5,843
IMPR.:	$42,928
TOTAL:	$48,771

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 3,104 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 25 years old. The home features a basement, central air conditioning,[1] a fireplace, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 6,875 square foot site and is located in Des Plaines, Maine Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.35 of a mile from the subject

[1] The Board finds the subject dwelling has central air conditioning according to Section III of the appellant's appeal petition and the board of review's grid analysis.

property. Three comparables are located along the subject's street. The comparables consist of class 2-78 dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,597 to 3,144 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 23 to 47 years old. Each comparable has a basement, a fireplace and a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from $36,268 to $44,387 or from $13.83 to $14.30 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of $52,999. The subject property has an improvement assessment of $47,156 or $15.19 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood and block as the subject. Three comparables are located along the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-78, 2-story dwellings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,248 to 3,104 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 24 to 57 years old. One comparable has a slab foundation, and three comparables each have a basement. Each comparable has central air conditioning and a 2-car garage. Three comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from $30,441 to $45,917 or from $13.54 to $14.79 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted nine comparables for the Board's consideration,. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #2 and the board of review's comparable #1 due to differences in their age, dwelling size and/or foundation type when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables which overall are most similar, including five of which are identical or nearly identical, to the subject in design, age, dwelling size, location and/or other features. However, the appellant's best comparables require upward adjustments for lack of central air conditioning in order to make them more equivalent to the subject. These seven comparables have improvement assessments that range from $42,928 to $45,917 or from $13.83 to $14.79 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of $47,156 or $15.19 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement

was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment, commensurate with the appellant’s request, is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: October 20, 2026

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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