FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Scott Leonhardt
DOCKET NO.: 23-26592.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 07-20-320-006-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Scott Leonhardt, the appellant(s), by attorney Stephanie Park, of Park & Longstreet, P.C. in Inverness; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds ***A Reduction*** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$10,948
IMPR.:	$5,552
TOTAL:	$16,500

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 15,640 square foot site improved with a one-story dwelling of frame construction located in Schaumburg, Schaumburg Township, Cook County. The building is approximately 61 years old. Features of the dwelling include a slab foundation and a one-car garage. The subject has 1,196 square feet of living area and is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of its overvaluation argument, the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of $165,000 as of June 25, 2021. The appraiser relied on the sales comparison approach in which he used sales of three comparable properties in Schaumburg that took place between June 2020 and September 2020 for amounts ranging from $170,000 to $200,000, or from $68.55 to $178.57 per square foot of living area, land included in the sales prices. The appraiser adjusted

the sales prices to account for differences between the subject and the comparables. Photographs of the subject dwelling's interior and exterior were included with the appraisal and the appraiser noted that the subject was in poor condition and not livable at the time of inspection. The appraiser opined a market value of $165,000 as of June 25, 2021, for the subject property. The appellant indicated that the residence is not owner-occupied. Based on the foregoing, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject property's assessment valuation to $16,500.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject as $26,000. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of $260,000 or $217.39 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the Cook County Real Estate Classification Ordinance level of assessment for class 2 property of 10%.

In support of the assessment, the board of review submitted information on four suggested sales comparables. The suggested sales comparables sold between March 2021 and August 2023 for between $270,000 and $400,500, or between $238.10 and $315.74 per square foot of living area, land included in the sales prices.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends that the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal, the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e); Winnebago County Bd. of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Bd., 313 Ill. App. 3d 1038, 1043 (2d Dist. 2000). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales, or construction costs. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds that the best evidence of the subject's market value is the appraisal submitted by the appellant. That appraisal employed the sales comparison approach, relying upon sales of three comparable properties in Schaumburg for amounts ranging from $170,000 to $200,000, or from $68.55 to $178.57 per square foot of living area, land included in the sales prices. The appraiser adjusted these sales prices to account for differences between the subject and the comparables. In contrast, the board of review's evidence consists of unadjusted sales data.

Accordingly, the Board finds the subject property had a fair market value of $16,500 as of the assessment date at issue. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant has proven, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the subject is overvalued, and that a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 17, 2026

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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