



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Richard Anderson
DOCKET NO.: 23-25087.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-06-224-018-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Richard Anderson, the appellant, by attorney Christopher G. Walsh, Jr., of Walsh Law, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$9,455
IMPR.: \$68,545
TOTAL: \$78,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of stucco exterior construction with 2,681 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 96 years old. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 2-car garage.¹ The property has an approximately 6,200 square foot site and is located in Oak Park, Oak Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-06 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The

¹ The Board finds the best description of the subject property was presented in the board of review's grid analysis which was not refuted by the appellant.

appellant reported “unknown” for the proximity of the comparables to the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story class 2-06 dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,638 to 2,938 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 92 to 98 years old. Each comparable has a basement. Three comparables have a fireplace. The appellant reported “unknown” for garage amenity. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$46,350 to \$51,545 or from \$16.05 to \$17.57 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject’s improvement assessment be reduced to \$44,183 or \$16.48 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$78,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$68,545 or \$25.57 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and within a ¼ mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story class 2-06 dwellings of stucco or masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,306 to 2,954 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 98 to 100 years old. Each comparable has a basement, with two having finished area, a fireplace and a 2-car or a 2½-car garage. One comparable had central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$59,545 to \$86,545 or from \$25.82 to \$29.30 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject’s assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight comparables for the Board’s consideration which have the same neighborhood code and property classification code as the subject. These comparables have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in age, dwelling size and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$46,350 to \$86,545 of from \$16.05 to \$29.30 per square foot of living area. However, the Board finds it is problematic that the appellant failed to disclose the proximity of the comparables to the subject and whether the comparables have garages which detracts from the weight given to the appellant’s comparables.

The Board gives most weight to the board of review comparables which are located within .25 of a mile to the subject and have a garage. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$59,545 to \$86,545 or from \$25.82 to \$29.30 per square foot of living area. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$68,545 or \$25.57 per square foot of living area which falls within the range established by the board of review comparables on an overall basis and below the range on a per square foot basis. After considering adjustments to the board of

review comparables, the Board finds the subject's assessment is supported. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not prove by clear and convincing evidence that a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

May 19, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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