

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Janet Weinberg
DOCKET NO.: 23-01941.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-21-410-010

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Janet Weinberg, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$35,140 **IMPR.:** \$152,000 **TOTAL:** \$187,140

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 2,868 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1968 and is approximately 55 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage with 484 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 7,300 square foot site and is located in Highland Park, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine equity comparables subject located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.21 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings ranging from 2,508 to 3,088 square feet of living area. The homes range from 41 to 58 years old. The comparables each have a basement, four of which have finished area. Each dwelling has central air

conditioning, and a garage that ranges in size from 342 to 540 square feet of building area. Eight comparables each have one fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$112,799 to \$148,723 or from \$42.43 to \$49.71 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$135,427 or \$47.22 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$188,655. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$153,515 or \$53.53 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables subject located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.23 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 2,282 to 2,874 square feet of living area. The homes range from 54 to 57 years old. Each dwelling has a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage with either 441 or 462 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$122,551 to \$153,026 or from \$52.96 to \$54.48 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted a total of thirteen comparables to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #3 #4, #7, and #8 which differ from the subject in age and/or lack basement finish, a feature of the subject. The Board also gives less weight to board of review comparables #1, #2, and #4 which are considerably smaller homes than the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #2, #5, #6, and #9 as well as board of review comparable #3 which are overall more similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$112,865 to \$153,026 or from \$42.43 to \$53.24 per square foot of living area. The Board gives most weight to board of review comparable #3 which falls at the upper end of the range of the best comparable due to it being overall most similar to the subject in age, dwelling size, and features. The subject's improvement assessment of \$153,515 or \$53.53 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record, as well as the most similar comparable in this record. Given that board of review comparable #3 has a larger basement and finished area, when compared to the

subject, the Board finds the subject to be slightly overassessed. Therefore, based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a slight reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
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Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 19, 2024
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	Clerk of the Property Tay Appeal Roard

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Janet Weinberg, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 40 Landover Parkway Suite 3 Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085