



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Agnes Hardison
DOCKET NO.: 23-01938.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-20-404-013

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Agnes Hardison, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$61,263
IMPR.: \$161,591
TOTAL: \$222,854

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,002 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1969 and is approximately 54 years old. Features of the home include a 1,289 square foot partial basement,¹ central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a 483 square foot garage. The property is located in Deerfield, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine equity comparables that are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.18 of a mile

¹ The best description of the subject's basement was found in the property record card presented by the board of review which disclosed the home has a partial basement with 1,289 square feet of basement area. This was not refuted by the appellant in rebuttal.

from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings ranging in size from 2,880 to 3,147 square feet of living area. The homes are from 52 to 57 years old. The appellant reports comparables #3 and #5 have an unfinished basement and comparables #1, #2, #4, and #7 have 864, 1,037, 351, and 613 square feet of finished area, respectively, despite the appellant's grid noting "0" square feet of basement area for these comparables. Each dwelling has central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage that ranges in size from 420 to 552 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$137,472 to \$160,030 or from \$46.52 to \$52.95 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$151,601 or \$50.50 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$222,854. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$161,591 or \$53.83 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.14 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 2,837 to 2,909 square feet of living area. The homes are either 54 or 55 years old. The comparables each have an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage with either 418 or 440 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$153,561 to \$170,515 or from \$53.62 to \$60.10 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of thirteen suggested equity comparables to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2, #4 and #6 through #9 which are reported to lack a basement foundation, a feature of the subject, and/or have basement finish, unlike the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the parties' remaining comparables which are overall more similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$137,472 to \$170,515 or from \$46.52 to \$60.10 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$161,591 or \$53.83 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

November 19, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois
Property Tax Appeal Board
William G. Stratton Building, Room 402
401 South Spring Street
Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Agnes Hardison, by attorney:
Ronald Kingsley
Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC
40 Landover Parkway
Suite 3
Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review
Lake County Courthouse
18 North County Street, 7th Floor
Waukegan, IL 60085