

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Peter Strittmatter DOCKET NO.: 23-01925.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 16-09-210-013

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Peter Strittmatter, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$90,673 **IMPR.:** \$182,654 **TOTAL:** \$273,327

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 3,234 square feet of living area. ¹ The dwelling was built in 1966, is approximately 57 years old, and has an effective age of 1970. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a garage with 600 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 22,000 square foot site and is located in Lake Forest, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine equity

¹ Some of the subject's property characteristics, not disclosed by the appellant, were gleaned from the evidence presented by the board of review that included a property record card with schematic drawing which was unrefuted by the appellant.

comparables that are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.68 miles from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings ranging in size from 3,162 to 3,391 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 59 to 68 years old. The appellant reports comparables #1 through #5 and #8 each have a basement with comparables #1 and #4 also having finished area. Comparables #6 and #9 were also reported to have finished area, despite the appellant's grid noting "0" square feet of basement area for these comparables. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage that ranges in size from 420 to 966 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$155,274 to \$168,300 or from \$47.97 to \$50.43 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$158,692 or \$49.07 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$273,327. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$182,654 or \$56.48 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood and within 0.43 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick exterior construction ranging in size from 2,976 to 3,388 square feet of living area. The homes are either 55 or 57 years old. Each comparable has a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, either two or four fireplaces, and a garage that ranges in size from 462 to 575 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$171,710 to \$195,974 or from \$57.32 to \$58.75 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 III. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of thirteen suggested equity comparables to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #3, and #5 through #9 which are reported to lack a basement foundation or basement finish, which are features of the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1 and #4 as well as the board of review comparables which are similar to the subject in location, design, age, dwelling size, and other features. The best comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$162,152 to \$195,974 or from \$47.97 to \$58.75 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$182,654 or \$56.48 per square foot of

living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	February 18, 2025
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085