

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Eric Landry

DOCKET NO.: 23-01741.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-03-103-006

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Eric Landry, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$39,763 **IMPR.:** \$178,503 **TOTAL:** \$218,266

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### Preliminary Matter

This appeal was filed on January 30, 2024 by counsel using the Board's Electronic Filing Portal (EFP) (86 Ill.Admin.Code Sec. 1910.33, effective January 27, 2023). Pursuant to Standing Order #2 issued by the Board on February 14, 2023, the appellant's three additional comparables set forth on additional pages, other than the electronic form Sec. V grid analysis, have been "give[n]... zero weight" in this decision and will not be discussed further herein. (See also, 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.80)

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and frame exterior construction with 3,751 square feet of living area.<sup>1</sup> The dwelling was constructed in 2001 and is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The best description of the subject is found in the subject's property record card provided by the board of review.

approximately 22 years old. Features of the home include a walk-out basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 690 square foot garage. The property also has a 720 square foot inground swimming pool and a 171 square foot gazebo. The property has an approximately 25,999 square foot site and is located in Hawthorn Woods, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on nine equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and are located within .18 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of frame or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,280 to 4,282 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 2000 to 2002. The comparables each have a basement, three of which are walk-out styles. Each comparable has central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 600 to 826 square feet of building area. Eight comparables each have one or two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$142,932 to \$188,711 or from \$42.54 to \$44.07 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$162,493 or \$43.32 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$218,266. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$178,503 or \$47.59 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and are located within .18 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of frame or brick and frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,072 to 3,598 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 2000 or 2003. Each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 690 to 873 square feet of building area. Comparable #2 has an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$147,281 to \$172,796 or from \$47.94 to \$49.35 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

#### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted thirteen equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #7, as well as board of review

comparables #1, #3 and #4, which are less similar to the subject in dwelling size than are the remaining comparables in the record.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #2 through #6, #8 and #9, along with board of review comparable #2, which are overall more similar to the subject in dwelling size and similar to the subject in location, design, age and some features. However, the Board finds all eight comparables lack a gazebo and seven of the eight comparables lack an inground swimming pool, both features of the subject, suggesting upward adjustments would be required to make the comparables more equivalent to the subject. Nevertheless, the comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$164,100 to \$188,711 or from \$42.54 to \$48.03 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$178,503 or \$47.59 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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| DISSENTING:  |              |

### **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | October 15, 2024                           |
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

#### PARTIES OF RECORD

#### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

#### **APPELLANT**

Eric Landry, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 40 Landover Parkway Suite 3 Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085