

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Jim Gavrilos
DOCKET NO.: 23-00477.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-29-103-002

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jim Gavrilos, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$41,983 **IMPR.:** \$151,835 **TOTAL:** \$193,818

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2023 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 2,791 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1985 and is approximately 38 years old. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, a 737 square foot garage, and an inground swimming pool. The property has a 46,265 square foot site and is located in Deer Park, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity concerning the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within 0.27 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story homes of brick or frame exterior construction with 2,807 or 2,954 square feet of living area. The homes are 36 or 38 years old. Each home has a basement, central air conditioning, and a garage ranging in size

from 506 to 950 square feet of building area. Three homes each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$134,496 to \$141,776 or from \$45.53 to \$50.51 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$136,068.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$193,818. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$151,835 or \$54.40 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and from 0.09 of a mile to 1.74 miles from the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story homes of brick or frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,624 to 2,774 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1985 to 2017. Each home has a basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 529 to 802 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$146,512 to \$162,392 or from \$55.44 to \$58.54 per square foot of living area. The board of review noted the subject has additional features the appellant's comparables lack.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of seven equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables #2 and #3, due to substantial differences from the subject in proximity or age.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables and the board of review's comparable #1, which are more similar to the subject in dwelling size, age, location, and features, although these comparables each lack an inground swimming pool that is a feature of the subject, suggesting upward adjustments to these comparables would be needed to make them more equivalent to the subject. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$134,496 to \$146,516 or from \$45.53 to \$55.44 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$151,835 or \$54.40 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in terms of total improvement assessment and within the range on a per square foot basis, which the Board finds is logical given the

subject's inground swimming pool amenity, which is not a feature of the best comparables. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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a R	asort Soffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	August 20, 2024
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Jim Gavrilos, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 40 Skokie Blvd Suite 150 Northbrook, IL 60062

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085