

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Steven Roth

DOCKET NO.: 22-46100.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 13-01-112-004-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Steven Roth, the appellant, by attorney Andrew S. Dziuk, of Andrew Dziuk, Esq. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$12,276 **IMPR.:** \$24,584 **TOTAL:** \$36,860

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a 2-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,751 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 70 years old. Features of the property include a basement, a 1 full and 1 half bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 4,092 square foot site located in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-05 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. Three comparables are located along the same street as the subject, two comparables of which are also located within the same block as the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-05, single

family dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,556 to 1,848 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 69 to 73 years old. Four comparables have basements, but no data was provided if the basements have finished area. One comparable has a concrete slab foundation. Each comparable has 1 or 2 full bathrooms, three comparables have 1 or 2 half bathrooms, three comparables have 1 or 2 fireplaces, and one comparable has a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$19,724 to \$22,724 or from \$11.95 to \$12.98 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$20,924.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject property of \$36,860. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$24,584 or \$14.04 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code, block and street as the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-05, 2-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction that range in size from 1,751 to 1,892 square feet of living area. The dwellings are each 70 years old. The comparables have basements, three of which have finished area. Each comparable has 1 or 2 full and 1 or 2 half bathrooms and central air conditioning. Two comparables have 1 or 2 fireplaces, and three comparables have either a 1-car, a 1.5-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments of \$25,390 and \$26,724 or from \$14.12 to \$15.10 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables and board of review comparable #1 which lack a basement foundation, central air conditioning and/or a garage amenity, unlike the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables #2, #3 and #4 which are overall most similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, age, foundation type and most features. These three comparables have improvement assessments of \$25,390 and \$26,724 or from \$14.50 to \$15.10 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessments of \$24,584 or \$14.04 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did

not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement is inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

	Chairman
a R	Sobot Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	
CERT	IFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 15, 2025

Will Date

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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