



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jaime Alvarez  
DOCKET NO.: 22-43583.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 13-26-302-034-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) are Jaime Alvarez, the appellant, by attorney Andreas Mamalakis, of the Law Offices of Andreas Mamalakis in Kenosha; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, PTAB hereby finds **A Reduction** in the Cook County Board of Review's assessment of the property is merited. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$10,938  
**IMPR.:** \$22,142  
**TOTAL:** \$33,080

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a Cook County Board of Review decision pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) contesting the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

A 1,608 square feet, two-story masonry structure on a 3,125 square feet parcel in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County constitutes the subject property. The 96-year-old, class 2-11 dwelling contained two bathrooms, central air conditioning, a two-car garage, a fireplace, and a full basement. The appellant indicated that the subject property last sold in April 2001 for \$237,000 and that assessment equity is the basis of the petition.

Arguing the \$30,393 subject improvement assessment is inequitable, the appellant requests the Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) lower the assessment rate to \$13.64 per improvement square foot. To show the subject improvement is not uniformly assessed, the appellant put forth five class 2-11 properties in the subject's neighborhood with assessments between \$13.39 and \$14.01 per improvement square foot as equity comparators. The appellant's nominees all had two or three bathrooms; a one- to three-car garage, and a full or crawl-space basement. These suggested

comparators ranged from 97 to 106 years in building age and from 1,800 to 1,924 square feet in living area.

The county board of review responded that the subject improvement was properly assessed at \$30,391, or \$18.90 per square foot, in its “Board of Review Notes on Appeal.”<sup>1</sup> To fortify the \$41,331 total subject assessment, the county board of review introduced into evidence four two-story frame structures within a quarter mile of the subject as assessment benchmarks. The board of review’s preferred comparators each included a two-car garage, two or three bathrooms, and a full basement or slab foundation. These improvements were all 113 years old; 1,506 to 2,100 square feet in size; and from \$19.14 to \$21.01 per improvement square foot in assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. The Illinois Constitution requires real estate taxes “be levied uniformly by valuation ascertained as the General Assembly shall provide by law.” Ill. Const., art. IX, § 4 (1970); Walsh v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 181 Ill. 2d 228, 234 (1998). Yet this uniformity provision of the Illinois Constitution does not require absolute equality in taxation; instead, a reasonable degree of uniformity in the taxing authority’s assessments suffices. Peacock v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 339 Ill. App. 3d 1060, 1070 (4th Dist. 2003).

When unequal treatment in the assessment is the basis of a property tax appeal, the appellant must prove the inequity of the assessments by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e); Walsh, 181 Ill. 2d at 234 (1998). Clear and convincing evidence means more than a preponderance of the evidence, but it does not need to approach the degree of proof needed for the conviction of a crime. Bazyldo v. Volant, 164 Ill. 2d 207, 213 (1995). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should comprise assessment documentation for the year in question of sufficiently similar properties showing the proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) finds the appellant did not submit this burden of proof.

Despite the universal lack of air conditioning among the parties’ submissions, appellant comparables #1, #2, and #4 were most similar to the subject property’s location and amenities and therefore comprise the best evidence of assessment equity in this record. These comparables mitigated their lack of air conditioning with a larger improvement, an extra fireplace, and an extra full bathroom (for appellant comparable #1). Based on these comparators, the equitable range of assessments for the subject improvement runs from \$13.39 to \$13.77 per living square foot. Because the subject’s \$18.90 per improvement square foot assessment exceeds the top of this range, PTAB concludes the appellant introduced sufficiently clear and convincing evidence that the assessment was inequitable and a reduction in the total subject assessment to \$33,080 is justified.

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<sup>1</sup> PTAB observes that in its “Notes on Appeal,” the county board of review referenced its 2023 decision from which the appellant appeals. PTAB accordingly adopts the total assessment value reflected in that decision, minor discrepancies in the “Notes on Appeal” notwithstanding.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

January 20, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

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