

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Lisa Kennedy
DOCKET NO.: 22-43548.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 10-28-113-026-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Lisa Kennedy, the appellant, by attorney Brian S. Maher, of Weis, DuBrock, Doody & Maher in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$8,259 **IMPR.:** \$22,741 **TOTAL:** \$31,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a 1-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 1,213 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 81 years old. Features of the home include a partial basement with finished area, a fireplace, and a 3-car garage. The property has a 6,353 square foot site and is located in Skokie, Niles Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code and within .5 of a mile from

¹ The Board finds the subject dwelling has a partial basement with finished area as provided in the appellant's grid analysis.

the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-03, 1-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,596 to 1,742 square feet of living area. The homes are 70 to 74 years old. Three comparables have a crawl space or a slab foundation. One comparable has a full basement with finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning and either a 1-car or a 2-car garage. Two comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$21,240 to \$23,750 or from \$12.70 to \$13.85 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$16,218 or \$13.37 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal." The appellant submitted a copy of the Cook County Board of Review final decision for the 2022 tax year disclosing the total assessment for the subject property of \$30,999. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$22,741 or \$18.75 per square foot of building area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within the subject's same block or approximately ¼ of a mile from the subject. The comparables consist of class 2-03, 1-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,148 to 1,262 square feet of living area. The homes are 70 or 93 years old. Each comparable has a full basement with two having finished area and either a 1-car a 1.5-car or a 2-car garage. Two comparables each have central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$24,595 to \$27,552 or from \$20.11 to \$22.79 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested that the subject's assessment be confirmed.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables and board of review comparables #2 and #3 which differ from the subject in their considerably larger dwelling sizes, dissimilar foundation types, and/or present a central air conditioning amenity, unlike the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables #1 and #4. These comparables have somewhat older aged dwellings than the subject but are most similar to the subject overall in design, dwelling size, age and basement foundation. These two comparables have improvement assessments of \$24,595 and \$26,468 or \$20.11 and \$21.54 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$22,741 or \$18.75 per square foot of living area falls below the two best comparables in this record. After

considering the appropriate adjustments to the two best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 16, 2025
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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