

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Bryan Nakfoor DOCKET NO.: 22-31225.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 02-17-403-028-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Bryan Nakfoor, the appellant, by Caren Gertner, attorney-at-law of the Law Office of Gertner & Gertner, Ltd. in Chicago, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$14,238 IMPR.: \$88,262 TOTAL: \$102,500

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction that contains 5,841 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2005 and is approximately 17 years old. Features of the property include a full basement that is partially finished, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, 4½ bathrooms, and an attached 3-car garage. The property has a 63,284 square foot site located in Inverness, Palatine Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-09 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

¹ The Board finds the best description of the subject's basement was provided by the appellant's appraisers which indicate the subject has a full basement that is 85% finished and included a photograph of the basement in the report depicting finished basement area.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$1,025,000 as of January 1, 2022. The appraisal was prepared by Greg S. Fisher, Associate Real Estate Trainee Appraiser; Harry M. Fishman, Illinois Certified General Real Estate Appraiser; and Mitchell J. Perlow, Illinois Certified General Real Estate Appraiser. The purpose of the appraisal was to provide an opinion of market value to establish an equitable ad valorem tax assessment. The fee simple property rights were appraised. The appraisers determined the highest and best use of the property is the present use as improved. The subject property is described as being in good condition. The subject property was inspected on February 28, 2023.

The appraisers developed the sales comparison approach to value using three comparable sales improved with two-story dwellings further described as being either Traditional or Georgian design/style of masonry or masonry and frame exterior construction that range in size from 5,524 to 6,439 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 22 to 58 years old. Each property has a full or partial basement with finished area, central air conditioning, two to four fireplaces, three full bathrooms, one or two half bathrooms and an attached 3-car or 4-car garage. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 43,560 to 68,084 square feet of land area. These properties are located in Inverness from .33 to 1.25 miles from the subject property. The sales occurred in January 2021 and June 2021 for prices of \$950,000 and \$987,500 or from \$147.54 to \$178.77 per square foot of living area, including land. Adjustments were made to the comparables for differences from the subject resulting in adjusted prices ranging from \$1,002,110 to \$1,053,207. The appraisers explained the adjustment process in the report stating: lot size was adjusted at \$1.00 per square foot; the subject is built using masonry construction as are comparables #1 and #2 but comparable #3 is of masonry/frame construction and adjusted upward; the subject property and all of the comparables are considered to be in similar condition; the subject is a 17+/- year old home, comparable #1 is similar in age, comparable #2 is older but was rehabbed in 2016 and no adjustment was required, and comparable #3 is older, it has been updated, but warrants an upward adjustment; bathroom count is adjusted at \$30,000 for a full bathroom and \$15,000 for a half bathroom; room count is adjusted at \$15,000 per room; gross living area is adjusted at \$55.00 per square foot; the subject has a full, finished basement with a bathroom, comparables #1 and #3 are similar, however, comparable #2 has a partial, finished basement, but no bathroom and is adjusted upward; the subject has a three car attached garage and the comparables are adjusted at \$15,000 per attached garage space; the subject has a rear deck while all of the comparables have patios and are adjusted upward; and the comparables are adjusted at \$5,000 per fireplace. Using these sales the appraisers arrived at an estimated market value for the subject property of \$1,025,000 as of January 1, 2022.

The appellant requested the subject's assessment be reduced to \$102,500 to reflect the appraised value.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$119,999. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$1,199,990 or \$205.44 per square foot of living area, including land, when applying the level of assessment for class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 10%.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales composed of class 2-09 properties improved with two-story dwellings of frame or masonry exterior construction that range in size from 5,129 to 7,122 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 1 to 36 years old. Each home has a full basement with two having a formal recreation room, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces, and a 2-car, 3-car or 3.5-car garage. The comparables have three or four full bathrooms and an additional one, two or three half bathrooms. These properties have sites ranging in size from 28,200 to 88,340 square feet of land area. The comparables are located in Inverness or Palatine with three having the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. These properties sold from October 2020 to September 2022 for prices ranging from \$1,097,845 to \$1,565,000 or from \$209.95 to \$282.71 per square foot of living area, including land.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant met meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appraisal submitted by the appellant. The appellant's appraisers developed the sales comparison approach to value using three comparable sales with varying degrees of similarity to the subject. The comparable sales were adjusted for differences from the subject and the appraisers provided an explanation of the adjustment process, which seemed appropriate. Based on the analysis of the sales the appraisers arrived at an estimated market value for the subject of \$1,025,000 as of January 1, 2022. The appraised value is less than the market value reflected by the subject's assessment.

The board of review provided information on four comparable sales, but the analysis contained no adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject property as does the appellant's appraisal. Board of review comparable #1 sold in October 2020, which is somewhat dated in relation to the assessment date at issue. Board of review comparable #3 is approximately 22% larger than the subject dwelling necessitating a significant downward adjustment for size. Board of review comparable #4 is located in a different city than the subject property which detracts from the weight that can be given this sale.

Based on this record the Board finds the most credible estimate of market value for the subject property is contained in the appraisal submitted by the appellant. Based on this evidence the Board finds the subject had a market value of \$1,025,000 as of January 1, 2022, and a reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is appropriate.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 25, 2025
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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