

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: James Spatzek
DOCKET NO.: 22-27387.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-07-414-021-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are James Spatzek, the appellant, by attorney George N. Reveliotis of Reveliotis Law, P.C. in Park Ridge; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$20,475 **IMPR.:** \$80,170 **TOTAL:** \$100,645

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of stucco exterior construction with 2,942 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 17 years old. Features of the dwelling include a full unfinished basement, three full bathrooms, one half bathroom, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 2-car garage. The property has a 9,100 square foot site and is located in Glencoe, New Trier Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code as the subject. The comparables are located within .19 of a mile from the subject, two of which are also along the same street as the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-

story dwellings of frame, masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,863 to 2,972 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 18 to 26 years old. The comparables each have a full or partial unfinished basement, two or three full bathrooms, one additional half bathroom, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and either a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$72,525 to \$81,525 or from \$24.40 to \$27.73 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$76,785 or \$26.10 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$104,881. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$84,406 or \$28.69 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code as the subject. The comparables are located within the same block as the subject or approximately ¼ of a mile from the subject property, one of which is also along the same street as the subject. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of frame or masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,662 to 3,155 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 8 to 15 years old. The comparables each have a full basement that is finished with a formal recreation room. Each comparable has from two to four full bathrooms, one additional half bathroom, central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a 2-car garage. Comparable #3 reportedly has other improvements but the board of review did not provide a description of these improvements. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$82,434 to \$121,525 or from \$30.97 to \$38.52 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted nine comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the four comparables submitted by the board of review which have basement finish, unlike the subject

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the five comparables submitted by the appellant, which have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code as the subject. The comparables have unfinished basements, like the subject and are relatively similar to the subject dwelling in size, design, age and some features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$72,525 to \$81,525 or from \$24.40 to

\$27.73 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$84,406 or \$28.69 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in the record both in terms of total improvement assessment and on a per square foot of living area basis. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is excessive. Therefore, based on this record the Board finds a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
C. R.	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 16, 2025	
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	Clerk of the Property Tay Appeal Roard	

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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