



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Pawel & Jadwiga Wasilewski
DOCKET NO.: 22-22667.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 07-15-319-015-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Pawel & Jadwiga Wasilewski, the appellant(s); and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$6,304
IMPR.: \$19,695
TOTAL: \$25,999

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 10,507-square-foot parcel of land improved with a 65-year-old, one-story, frame, single-family dwelling containing 1,628 square feet of building area. Amenities of the home include an unfinished basement, air conditioning, a fireplace, and a one-car garage. The property is located in Schaumburg, Schaumburg Township, Cook County, and is classified as a class 2-03 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends inequity is the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted four equity comparables. These properties are described as one-story, brick and aluminum, single-family dwellings located within half a mile of the subject property. These properties have one, two, or three-car garages, and air conditioning. They are all 66 years old and contain; 1,702 to 1,753 square feet of building area; and have improvement assessments from \$10.95 to \$11.95 per square foot of building area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$25,999 with an improvement assessment of \$19,695 or \$12.10 per square foot of building area.

In support of the assessment, the board of review submitted four equity comparables. These properties are described as one-story, frame, single-family dwellings located on the subject's same block or one-fourth of a mile away from the subject property. They have unfinished basements, and two of the properties have fireplaces. Only one of the properties has air conditioning. They range: in age from 61 to 65 years old, in size from 1,296 to 1,729 square feet of building area, and improvement assessments from \$13.32 to \$16.13 per square foot of building area.

In rebuttal, the appellant submitted a plat of survey. The Board is unable to read the plat of survey because it is illegible. In a separate document, the appellant states the land size based upon the plat of survey is 9,479 square feet. The appellant also asserts that based upon the plat of survey the building size is 1,628.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b).

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1 and the board of review's comparables. These comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$10.95 to \$16.13 per square foot of building area. The appellant's comparable was similar in square footage and the board of review comparables were similar in location. The plat of survey was given less weight due to it being difficult to read. The subject's improvement assessment of \$12.10 per square foot of building area is within the range of the best comparables in this record. Therefore, the Board finds that the appellant has not proven by clear and convincing evidence that the subject property is inequitably assessed, and a reduction is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

August 20, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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