



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Simarpreet Preet
DOCKET NO.: 22-01689.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-05-208-144

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Simarpreet Preet, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds No Change in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$40,322
IMPR.: \$66,912
TOTAL: \$107,234

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 3-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 2,087 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2006. Features of the home include a concrete slab foundation, central air conditioning and a garage with 420 square feet of building area. The property has a site with approximately 1,289 feet of land area and is located in Vernon Hills, Vernon Township, Lake County.¹

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on twelve suggested equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .14 of a mile from the subject. The appellant reported that the comparables are improved with 3-story dwellings of either brick or frame and brick exterior construction that range in size from 2,037 to 2,181 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 2006 to 2013. The appellant reported

¹ Additional descriptive details regarding the subject property were gleaned from the property record card submitted by the board of review, which was not refuted by the appellant in rebuttal filing.

that each comparable has central air conditioning and a garage containing either 420 or 440 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$48,021 to \$60,174 or from \$23.57 to \$27.89 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$56,495 or \$27.07 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$107,234. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$66,912 or \$32.06 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on six suggested equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .05 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 3-story dwellings of brick exterior construction each containing 2,087 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built in 2006. Each comparable has a concrete slab foundation, central air conditioning and a garage containing 420 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$61,095 to \$68,231 or from \$29.27 to \$32.69 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the parties submitted a total of eighteen comparable properties for the Board's consideration. All of the comparables are similar to the subject in location, design, dwelling size, age and features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$48,021 to \$68,231 or from \$23.57 to \$32.69 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$66,912 or \$32.06 per square foot of living area, falls within the range of the best comparables in the record. Based on this record, and after considering adjustments to the comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 20, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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COUNTY

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