

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Joanne Bruton
DOCKET NO .:	22-01647.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	16-27-106-002

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Joanne Bruton, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Hawthorn Woods; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$56,969
IMPR.:	\$63,623
TOTAL:	\$120,592

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a 1.5-story dwelling of wood siding and brick exterior construction containing 1,403 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1952. Features of the home include a full basement with a 748 square foot recreation room, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and an attached garage with 220 square feet of building area.¹ The property has a 9,675 square foot site located in Highland Park, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the land as the basis of the appeal; the appellant is not contesting the improvement assessment. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on twelve equity comparables improved with single-family dwellings. The comparables are located from .19 to .44 of a mile from the subject property.

¹ The board of review submitted a copy of the subject's property record card describing the home as having a full basement with a 748 square foot recreation room area, which the appellant did not refute in rebuttal.

These comparables have sites with either 10,001 or 10,102 square feet of land area with land assessments of either \$49,500 or \$49,995 or \$4.95 per square foot of land area. The appellant requested the subject's land assessment be reduced to \$47,891 or \$4.95 per square foot of land area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$120,592. The subject property has a land assessment of \$56,969 or \$5.89 per square foot of land area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables each improved with a single-family dwelling. The comparables are located within 242 feet (.04 of a mile) of the subject property with four being along the same street and within the same block of the subject property. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 8,450 to 9,990 square feet of land area with land assessments ranging from \$51,372 to \$58,190 or from \$5.82 to \$6.08 per square foot of land area.

The board of review further stated that the appellant's comparables are located next to railroad tracks and receive a negative 15% land factor, which was not refuted by the appellant in rebuttal.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables which are located more proximate to the subject property than are the comparables provided by the appellant and are not receiving a negative 15% adjustment factor due to location adjacent to railroad tracks as are the appellant's comparables. The board of review comparables have land assessments ranging from \$51,372 to \$58,190 or from \$5.82 to \$6.08 per square foot of land area. The subject's land assessment of \$56,969 or \$5.89 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's land was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

February 20, 2024

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Joanne Bruton, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 40 Landover Parkway Suite 3 Hawthorn Woods, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085