



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Scott Axelrood  
DOCKET NO.: 22-01197.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 16-34-106-037

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Scott Axelrood, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$61,299  
**IMPR.:** \$139,603  
**TOTAL:** \$200,902

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 2,760 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1965 and approximately 57 years old. Features include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace and a 484 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 13,068 square foot site and is located in Deerfield, Moraine Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity concerning the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code assigned to the subject and within .4 of a mile from the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of wood siding or brick exterior construction. The homes are either 55 or 57 years old and range in size from 2,518 to 2,644 square feet of living area. Each dwelling has a full basement, two of which have finished

area. Features include central air conditioning, one fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 586 square feet of building area. The properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$105,171 to \$114,229 or from \$41.44 to \$43.29 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$117,162 or \$42.45 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$200,902. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$139,603 or \$50.58 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code assigned to the subject and within .43 of a mile from the subject. The comparables consist of either 1.5-story or 2-story dwellings of brick or brick and wood siding exterior construction. The homes were built from 1964 to 1970, with comparables #2 and #3 having reported effective ages of 1966 and 1985, respectively. The dwellings range in size from 2,706 to 3,116 square feet of living area. Each dwelling has a full basement, one of which has finished area. Features include central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 572 square feet of building area. The properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$147,493 to \$159,157 or from \$49.45 to \$58.82 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted total of eight equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to appellant's comparables #1 and #3 along with board of review comparable #3, each of which have finished basement area which is not a feature of the subject dwelling.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant's comparables #2 and #4 as well as board of review comparables #1, #2 and #4 which present varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, design, dwelling size and several features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$108,287 to \$154,097 or from \$42.20 to \$51.96 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$139,603 or \$50.58 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record both in terms of overall assessment and on a per-square-foot basis. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject dwelling, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with

clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

May 21, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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COUNTY

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