

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Brandon Grill
DOCKET NO.:	22-00974.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	15-18-201-003

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Brandon Grill, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$33,606
IMPR.:	\$157,104
TOTAL:	\$190,710

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 3,871 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1989 and is approximately 33 years old. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 713 square foot garage. The property has a 42,689 square foot site and is located in Long Grove, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and located from .1 of a mile to 1.2 miles from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 3,208 to 3,672 square feet of living area. The dwellings are 34 or 35 years old and have basements with finished area. Each

comparable has central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 638 to 851 square feet of building area. Comparable #1 has an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$107,599 to \$124,136 or from \$33.29 to \$33.81 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$190,710. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$157,104 or \$40.58 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on six comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and located within .46 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story dwellings of brick, frame, or brick and frame exterior construction that range in size from 3,795 to 3,860 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1986 to 1989 with comparable #5 having an effective age of 1990. The comparables have basements, with four having finished area and one of which is a walkout. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one to four fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 550 to 801 square feet of building area. Two comparables each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$159,875 to \$203,817 or from \$42.07 to \$53.09 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of ten suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparable #1 which has an inground swimming pool unlike the subject and to appellant's comparables #2, #3 and #4 which are less similar to the subject in location and/or dwelling size than the board of review comparables. The Board gives less weight to board of review comparable #2 which has an unfinished basement and to board of review comparables #3 and #4 which have inground swimming pools when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1, #5 and #6 which overall are more similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, age and features. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$159,875 to \$162,407 or \$42.07 and \$42.48 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$157,104 or \$40.58 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best

comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 16, 2024

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085