



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Bruce Jorgensen
DOCKET NO.: 22-00799.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 16-08-403-007

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Bruce Jorgensen, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$140,579
IMPR.: \$219,229
TOTAL: \$359,808

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick and wood siding exterior construction with 3,862 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1984 and is approximately 38 years old. Features of the home include a concrete slab foundation, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 748 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 46,609 square foot site and is located in Lake Forest, West Deerfield Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of brick or wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 3,684 to 4,389 square feet of living area. The dwellings are from 36 to 38 years old. The appellant reported three comparables have basements with finished area, and one

comparable has a concrete slab foundation. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one or two fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 832 to 1,150 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$140,489 to \$188,061 or from \$37.42 to \$44.87 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$158,824 or \$41.12 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$359,808. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$219,229 or \$56.77 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of 2-story dwellings of brick, wood siding or brick and wood siding exterior construction that range in size from 3,415 to 4,556 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1983 to 1986. The board of review reported two comparables have basements with one having finished area and three comparables have concrete slab foundations. Each comparable has central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 634 to 980 square feet of building area. Comparables #2 and #5 each have an inground swimming pool. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$202,792 to \$264,272 or from \$56.23 to \$59.38 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted nine equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparables #1, #2 and #5 due to differences from the subject in foundation type and/or presence of an inground swimming pool, which is not a feature of the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparable #4 and board of review comparables #3 and #4. These comparables are overall more similar to the subject in location, age, foundation type and most features. These three comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$165,318 to \$249,167 or from \$44.87 to \$59.38 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$219,229 or \$56.77 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing

evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 16, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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