



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Karen Akiva  
DOCKET NO.: 22-00154.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 07-07-401-017

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Karen Akiva, the appellant, by attorney Gregory Riggs, of Tax Appeals Lake County in Lake Zurich; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$14,210  
**IMPR.:** \$59,758  
**TOTAL:** \$73,968

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a tri-level dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 1,033 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1971. Features of the home include a lower level with finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage with 460 square feet of building area. The property has an approximately 13,910 square foot site and is located in Gurnee, Warren Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with regard to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and within 0.31 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with tri-level dwellings of wood siding exterior construction with each having 1,033 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1964 to 1968. Each comparable has a lower level with finished area,

central air conditioning, and a garage ranging in size from 384 to 460 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$53,385 to \$56,854 or from \$51.68 to \$55.04 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$56,515 or \$54.71 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$73,968. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$59,758 or \$57.85 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on eight equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and within 0.30 of a mile from the subject. The comparables are improved with tri-level dwellings of wood siding exterior construction with each having 1,033 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1964 to 1969. The comparables each have a lower level with finished area with comparable #2 also reported to have 483 square feet of basement area. Each comparable has central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 504 to 1,056 square feet of building area. Two comparables each have one fireplace. Comparable #7 also features a 720 square foot detached garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$60,143 to \$64,434 or from \$58.22 to \$62.38 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of thirteen equity comparables for the Board's consideration which are each similar to the subject in location, design, age, and dwelling size with varying degrees in similarity to the subject in other features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$53,385 to \$64,434 or from \$51.68 to \$62.38 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$59,758 or \$57.85 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: March 26, 2024



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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