

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

| APPELLANT: | Darrell Robin |
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| DOCKET NO .: | 22-00138.001-R-1 |
| PARCEL NO .: | 13-36-109-021 |

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Darrell Robin, the appellant, by attorney Gregory Riggs, of Tax Appeals Lake County in Lake Zurich; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

| LAND: | \$33,429 |
|--------|-----------|
| IMPR.: | \$112,386 |
| TOTAL: | \$145,815 |

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2022 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 1,790 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1979. Features of the home include a partially finished basement, central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a 484 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 12,423 square foot site and is located in Barrington, Cuba Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same neighborhood code as the subject property and within 0.19 of a mile from the subject. The properties are improved with 1.5-story or 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,981 to 2,162 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1961 to 1974. The comparables each have a basement with two having finished

area and one basement described as a walkout. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage ranging in size from 462 to 666 square feet of building area. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$86,557 to \$122,078 or from \$40.04 to \$57.69 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$96,600 or \$53.97 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$145,815. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$112,386 or \$62.79 per square foot of living area.

The board of review noted that the assessor comparables were above average like the subject and "although the building AGLA is higher the value is lowered which is typical."

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and within 0.24 of a mile from the subject. Board of review comparables #1 and #2 are the same properties as the appellant's comparables #1 and #3, respectively. The comparables are improved with 1.5-story or 2-story dwellings of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 2,116 to 2,288 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1963 to 1978. The comparables each have a basement with two having finished area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, one fireplace, and a garage ranging in size from 582 to 666 square feet of building area. These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$121,499 to \$145,528 or from \$56.35 to \$63.60 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds that the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains five equity comparables submitted by both parties to support their respective positions, which includes two comparables shared by the parties. The Board finds none of the parties' comparables to be truly similar to the subject due to significant differences from the subject in age, dwelling size, basement finish, and/or other features. Specifically, each comparable is a larger home than the subject, two comparables are significantly older homes than the subject, and three comparables lack basement finish, a feature of the subject. Nevertheless, these comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$86,557 to \$145,528 or from \$40.04 to \$63.60 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$112,386 or \$62.79 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant failed to

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demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

March 26, 2024

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Darrell Robin, by attorney: Gregory Riggs Tax Appeals Lake County 830 West IL Route 22 Suite 286 Lake Zurich, IL 60047

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085