



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Kyle McCluskey
DOCKET NO.: 21-56365.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 13-13-130-021-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Kyle McCluskey, the appellant, by attorney Eric Feldman, of Eric Feldman & Assoc. P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds a reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$13,500
IMPR.: \$61,893
TOTAL: \$75,393

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1.5-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction with 2,691 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 100 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, one bath, and a 1-car garage. The property has a 5,625 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Jefferson Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are class 2-04 properties improved with 1.5-story dwellings of masonry or wood and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 2,256 to 2,916 square feet of living area. The

dwelling are 94 to 100 years old and have full basements, three of which are finished with recreation rooms. Each comparable has one to three full baths and four comparables each have an additional half bath. One comparable has central air conditioning. Each comparable has one or two fireplaces and a 1-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$49,920 to \$67,920 or from \$20.86 to \$23.29 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$86,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$72,500 or \$26.94 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables with the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are class 2-04 properties improved with 1.5-story dwellings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,567 to 2,995 square feet of living area. The homes are 97 to 102 years old and have full basements, three of which have finished area. Each comparable has two or three full baths and two comparable each have an additional half bath. One comparable has central air conditioning. Two comparables each have one fireplace. Each comparable has a 1-car to a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$71,436 to \$85,450 or from \$26.70 to \$28.53 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds based on the evidence in the record a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The record contains nine suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables #1 through #4 as well as board of review comparables #1, #2 and #3 which have finished basement area or is less similar in dwelling size when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity is appellant's comparable #5 and board of review comparable #4 which have unfinished basements and are similar to the subject in location, age and dwelling size. However, upward adjustments to the comparables are necessary for their lack of central air conditioning which is a feature of the subject. Conversely, downward adjustments are necessary to both comparables for differences from the subject in bathroom count, number of fireplaces, and garage capacity. Nevertheless, these two comparables have improvement assessments of \$58,561 and \$71,956 or \$21.05 and \$26.70 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$72,500 or \$26.94 per square foot of living area is above the improvement assessments of the best comparables in this record both on overall and

per square foot bases. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

February 18, 2025



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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