



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: AF Homes, LLC
DOCKET NO.: 21-46799.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 24-03-201-005-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are AF Homes, LLC, the appellant(s), by attorney Nicholas T. McIntyre, of Much Shelist, P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$5,512
IMPR.: \$28,709
TOTAL: \$34,221

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 10,500 square foot parcel of land improved with a 68-year-old, two-story, masonry, multi-family dwelling containing 3,048 square feet of building area. The property is located in Hometown, Worth Township and is classified as a class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted four equity comparables. These comparables are described as multi-family dwellings with frame, masonry, or frame and masonry construction. The appellant failed to submit evidence of the number of stories or their proximity to the subject. They range in age from 48 to 106 years; in size from 2,223 to 3,952 square feet of building area; and in improvement assessment from \$7.99 to \$8.44 per square foot of building area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's assessment of \$34,221 with an improvement assessment of \$28,709 or \$9.42 per square foot of building area.

In support of the current assessment, the board of review submitted one comparable located next door to the subject. This comparable is described as a 68-year-old, two-story, masonry, multi-family containing 3,048 square feet of building area. It has an improvement assessment of \$9.42 per square foot of building area.

This matter went to hearing on December 4, 2025. At hearing, the appellant's attorney argued that the appellant's four comparables support a reduction and that there was a subsequent reduction within the triennial at the board of review level. The board of review's representative rested on the evidence previously submitted and argued that the subsequent reduction is irrelevant in this matter. The appellant's attorney argued that its relevance goes towards uniformity.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b).

The Board finds all the comparables are somewhat similar to the subject in various ways with some significant differences in size and construction. These comparables had improvement assessments ranging from \$7.99 to \$9.42 per square foot of building area. The Board gives most weight to the board of review's comparable which is identical to the subject in characteristics and assessment. In comparison the subject's improvement assessment of \$9.42 per square foot of building area is within the range of the best comparables in this record. The Board gives the appellant's argument of a subsequent reduction at the county level no weight as the Board's review of the assessment under appeal is de novo. 35 ILCS 200/16-180. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's improvements is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

February 17, 2026



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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