



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: John & Leslie Glazier
DOCKET NO.: 21-45293.001-R-2
PARCEL NO.: 14-33-122-015-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John & Leslie Glazier, the appellants, by attorney Kelly J. Keeling, of KBC Law Group in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$62,500
IMPR.: \$291,980
TOTAL: \$354,480

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story apartment building of masonry exterior construction with 5,064 square feet of gross building area. The building is 129 years old and features a full basement, central air conditioning, and a four-car garage. The property has a 5,000 square foot site and is located in Chicago, North Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-09 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellants contend assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted information on four equity comparables located within .9 of a mile of the subject and within the subject's assessment neighborhood. The comparables consist of class 2-09 buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 5,081 to 5,532 square feet of gross building area. The buildings are 111 to

138 years old. Each building has central air conditioning and either a two-car or three-car garage. Three comparables have either one or three fireplaces. Three comparables each have a basement and one comparable has a crawl-space foundation. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$194,459 to \$312,772 or from \$35.15 to \$56.60 per square foot of gross building area. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$178,000 or \$35.15 per square foot of gross building area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$354,480. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$291,980 or \$57.66 per square foot of gross building area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within the subject's assessment neighborhood, two of which are within .25 of a mile of the subject. The comparables consist of two-story or three-story class 2-09 buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 5,094 to 5,738 square feet of gross building area. The buildings are 132 to 143 years old. Each building has central air conditioning and a basement, two of which have finished area. Two comparables each have a two-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$307,729 to \$344,107 or from \$58.33 to \$62.50 per square foot of gross building area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayers contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill. Admin. Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of eight equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to the appellants' comparable #2, which differs from the subject in foundation. The Board also gives less weight to board of review comparables #3 and #4, each of which lacks a garage, a feature of the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellants' comparables #1, #3, and #4 along with board of review comparables #1 and #2, which are similar to the subject in age, location, building size, and most features. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$194,459 to \$323,313 or from \$35.15 to \$62.50 per square foot of gross building area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$291,980 or \$57.66 per square foot of gross building area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: _____

May 20, 2025



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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