

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: George Polymenakos DOCKET NO.: 21-45172.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 20-27-403-029-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are George Polymenakos, the appellant, by attorney George N. Reveliotis, of Reveliotis Law, P.C. in Park Ridge; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$5,812 **IMPR.:** \$13,972 **TOTAL:** \$19,784

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story building of frame exterior construction with 3,766 square feet of building area. The building is approximately 16 years old. Features include a basement finished with an apartment and central air conditioning. The property has a 4,650 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends both overvaluation and assessment equity regarding the improvement as the bases of the appeal. In support of the overvaluation argument, the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The parcels range in size from 3,125 to 4,235 square feet of land area and are improved with class 2-11 buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,580

to 4,764 square feet of building area. The buildings range in age from 104 to 128 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement and a fireplace. Three comparables each have a 1.5-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables sold from October 2020 to April 2021 for prices ranging from \$65,000 to \$175,000 or from \$16.24 to \$41.02 per square foot of building area, including land.

The appellant also submitted information on eight equity comparables located within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 2-story buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,236 to 4,124 square feet of building area. The buildings range in age from 99 to 112 years old. Each comparable has a basement, two of which are finished with an apartment and one of which is finished with a recreation room. Six comparables each have a 1-car or a 2-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$3,885 to \$11,195 or from \$1.20 to \$2.96 per square foot of building area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$19,784. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$197,840 or \$52.53 per square foot of building area, including land, when applying the level of assessment for class 2 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 10%. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$13,972 or \$3.71 per square foot of building area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparables, three of which are within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and two of which are 0.25 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 3,698 to 5,957 square feet of land area and are improved with 2-story or 3-story, class 2-11 buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 3,180 to 3,792 square feet of building area. The buildings range in age from 96 to 107 years old. Three comparables have a basement, one of which is finished with an apartment, and one comparable has a crawl space foundation. One comparable has three fireplaces and three comparables each have a 2-car or a 2.5-car garage. The comparables sold from October 2020 to November 2021 for prices ranging from \$345,000 to \$385,000 or from \$97.11 to \$108.49 per square foot of building area, including land. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$4,622 to \$5,985 or from \$3.21 to \$6.66 per square foot of building area. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

## **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends in part the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment for overvaluation is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eight comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 and #3 and the board of review's comparables #1, #2, and #4, due to substantial differences from the subject in building size, location, and/or foundation type. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #4, which sold for considerably less than the other comparables in this record, indicating this sale may be an outlier.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparable #1 and the board of review's comparable #3, which sold proximate in time to the assessment date and are more similar to the subject in building size, location, site size, and some features, although these comparables are significantly older buildings than the subject and lack finished basement area that is a feature of the subject and one comparable has a garage unlike the subject, suggesting adjustments to the comparables would be needed to make them more equivalent to the subject.

These comparables sold for prices of \$175,000 and \$366,000 or \$41.02 and \$97.91 square foot of building area, including land, respectively. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$197,840 or \$52.53 per square foot of building area, including land, which is bracketed by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment for overvaluation is not justified.

The appellant also contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment for assessment inequity is not warranted.

The record contains a total of twelve equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #3, #4, and #8 and the board of review's comparables #1, #2, and #4, due to substantial differences from the subject in building size, location, and/or foundation type.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #1, #5, #6, and #7 and the board of review's comparable #3, which are more similar to the subject in building size, location, and some features, although these comparables are significantly older buildings than the subject, four comparables lack finished basement area that is a feature of the subject, and three comparables have a garage unlike the subject, suggesting adjustments to these comparables would be needed to make them more equivalent to the subject.

517These comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$7,231 to \$12,015 or from \$1.80 to \$3.21 per square foot of building area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$13,972 or \$3.71 falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record.

However, after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences from the subject, such as their significantly older ages when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's assessment is supported. Based on this evidence, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment for assessment inequity is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

	Chairman
C. R.	Solot Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bolley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

## **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	May 20, 2025
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

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## **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602