

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Terrie Valek Welge DOCKET NO.: 21-38858.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 18-09-302-030-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Terrie Valek Welge, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Northbrook; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$8,543 **IMPR.:** \$28,709 **TOTAL:** \$37,252

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of masonry exterior construction with 2,561 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 69 years old. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 2-car garage. The property has a 10,050 square foot site and is located in La Grange, Lyons Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-04 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood code. The comparables are improved with class 2-04 dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction

¹ The only description of the subject is found in the evidence presented by the appellant.

ranging in size from 2,313 to 2,806 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 57 to 65 years old. The appellant reported each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning and a 2-car garage. Three comparables each have one or two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$25,813 to \$31,230 or from \$11.11 to \$11.33 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested that the improvement assessment be reduced to \$28,709 or \$11.21 per square foot of living area.

The appellant supplied a copy of the final decision for this parcel for tax year 2021 depicting a total assessment of \$46,908. The Residential Appeal petition indicates the subject has a land assessment of \$8,543 and an improvement assessment of \$38,365 or \$14.98 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" for a different docket and property than the subject property under appeal. Nevertheless, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that are located in different city, township and assessment neighborhood code than the subject property. The comparables are described as 1-story class 2-04 dwellings of frame or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 1,989 to 2,404 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 42 to 47 years old. Each comparable has an unfinished basement, one fireplace and a 2-car garage. Three comparables each have central air conditioning. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$20,633 to \$36,867 or from \$10.37 to \$17.37 per square foot of living area.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted eight suggested comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparable #1 due to its newer age when compared to the subject. In addition, the Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables which are located in a different assessment neighborhood code, city, and township than the subject and are significantly less similar to the subject in age and/or dwelling size.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant's comparables #2, #3 and #4 which are located in the subject's assessment neighborhood code and are relatively similar to the subject in age, dwelling size, and/or most features. These three comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$25,813 to \$31,230 or from \$11.16 to \$11.33 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$38,365 or \$14.98 per square foot of living area falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences

when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant demonstrated with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman	
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Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Swah Bolley
Member	Member
DISSENTING: <u>CERTIFI</u>	
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As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 18, 2024

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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