

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: ABC Turnkey Properties

DOCKET NO.: 21-38472.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 20-26-103-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are ABC Turnkey Properties, the appellant, by attorney Brian P. Liston, of the Law Offices of Liston & Tsantilis, P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$3,906 **IMPR.:** \$7,093 **TOTAL:** \$10,999

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story, multi-family dwelling of masonry construction with 2,186 square feet of living area. The dwelling is built in 1904 and is approximately 117 years old, and features a full, unfinished basement. The property has a 3,125 square foot site located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on three equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of class 2-11 buildings of masonry construction ranging in size from 2,094

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although the appellant describes the subject as a single unit dwelling, the "Property Details" sheet describes the subject as a class 2-11 "multi-family" dwelling.

to 2,590 square feet of living area and ranging in age from 111 to 116 years old. Each comparable features a 2-car garage and comparable #1 has two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$5,094 to \$6,141 or from \$2.37 to \$2.55 per square foot of living area. The appellant also submitted "Property Details" sheets for each of the comparable properties. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction to the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$10,999. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$7,093 or \$3.24 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of similar class 2-11 buildings of masonry construction ranging in size from 1,912 to 2,186 square feet of living area and ranging in age from 111 to 129 years old. Each comparable features a full basement, with comparable #4 having a formal recreation room. Comparable #1 has central air conditioning and a 2-car garage, and comparable #2 has a 1-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$8,093 to \$12,093 or from \$3.88 to \$5.53 per square foot of living area.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seven equity comparables in support of their positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board gives less weight to appellant's comparables as each one has a garage and lacks a basement, dissimilar from the subject which features a basement but lacks a garage. For similar reason, the Board gives less weight to board of review comparables #1 and #2, each with a garage feature which the subject lacks. The Board finds the best evidence of equity in assessment to be board of review comparables #3 and #4 which are most similar to the subject in amenities as well as location, style, and dwelling size. However, board of review comparable #4 has a partially finished basement, unlike the subject's unfinished basement, suggesting that downward adjustment is necessary to this comparable for this difference in order to make it more similar to the subject. The two best comparables in the record have improvement assessments of \$8,093 and \$9,156 or \$3.88 and \$4.79 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$7,093 or \$3.24 per square foot of living area is below the most similar comparables in this record both in terms of overall improvement assessment and on a per square foot of living area basis. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for any differences from the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement is inequitably assessed and, therefore, a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

	Chairman
a R	Solort Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 17, 2024
	Middle 14
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE** 

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

# **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

# **APPELLANT**

ABC Turnkey Properties, by attorney: Brian P. Liston Law Offices of Liston & Tsantilis, P.C. 200 S. Wacker Drive Suite 820 Chicago, IL 60606

# **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602