

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Ravi Singh & Lisa Meyer

DOCKET NO.: 21-32362.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 13-36-421-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ravi Singh & Lisa Meyer, the appellants, by Abby L. Strauss, attorney-at-law of Schiller Law P.C. in Chicago, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$14,062 **IMPR.:** \$53,948 **TOTAL:** \$68,010

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of frame and masonry exterior construction containing 2,284 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 22 years old. Features of the home include a full basement with a formal recreation room, central air conditioning, two fireplaces,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. The property has a 3,125 square foot site located in Chicago, West Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellants contend inequity regarding the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted information on four equity comparables composed of class 2-78 properties improved with dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 2,210 to 2,639 square feet of living area. Each

comparable has one fireplace, two or three bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. Three comparables have central air conditioning. These properties have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. Their improvement assessments range from \$42,143 to \$55,496 or from \$17.40 to \$21.69 per square foot of living area. The appellants requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$46,342.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$68,010. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$53,948 or \$23.62 per square foot of living area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables composed of class 2-78 properties improved with two-story dwellings of frame and masonry exterior construction that range in size from 2,231 to 2,592 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 15 to 22 years old. Each property has a full basement with a formal recreation room, central air conditioning, one fireplace, 2½ to 4½ bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. The comparables have the same neighborhood code as the subject and are located in the same block or ¼ of a mile from the subject property. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$57,314 to \$64,800 or from \$25.00 to \$26.36 per square foot of living area. The board of review contends the building assessed value per square foot for the comparables are the same or higher than the subject, which supports the correctness of the assessment.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The appellants contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted information on eight assessment equity comparables with the same classification code and neighborhood code as the subject property to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to appellants' comparables #2 and #3 as well as board of review comparable #4 due to differences from the subject property in dwelling size. The Board gives less weight to appellants' comparable #4 due to the property lacking central air conditioning, a feature of the subject property. The Board gives less weight to appellants' comparable #1 as the improvement assessment is an outlier, approximately 17% lower than the next lowest comparable on a per square foot of living area basis. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1, #2, and #3, which range in size from 2,231 to 2,274 square feet of living area and are 16 or 22 years old. These comparables have similar features as the subject property. These three properties have improvement assessments that range from \$57,314 to \$59,937 or from \$25.69 to \$26.36 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$53,948 or \$23.62 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record the Board finds the appellants did not demonstrate with clear and

convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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|              | Chairman      |
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| Member       | Member        |
| Dan De Kinin | Sarah Bokley  |
| Member       | Member        |
| DISSENTING:  |               |

# **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | May 20, 2025                                 |
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

# PARTIES OF RECORD

# **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

# **APPELLANT**

Ravi Singh & LIsa Meyer, by attorney: Abby L. Strauss Schiller Law P.C. 33 North Dearborn Suite 1130 Chicago, IL 60602

# **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602