

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: 2029 West Washington LLC

DOCKET NO.: 21-30625.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 17-07-327-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are 2029 West Washington LLC, the appellant, by attorney Ciarra Schmidt of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>a reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$18,750 **IMPR.:** \$31,999 **TOTAL:** \$50,749

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

#### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

#### **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a three-story multi-family building of masonry exterior construction with 6,095 square feet of gross building area. The building is approximately 131 years old. Features of the building include a full basement that is finished with an apartment and four full bathrooms.<sup>1</sup> The property has a 3,750 square foot site and is located in Chicago, West Chicago Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The board of review disclosed the subject building has a full basement that is finished with an apartment, which was not refuted by the appellant.

as the subject. According to the property detail printouts provided by the appellant, the comparables are improved with two-story or three-story multi-family buildings of masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 6,636 to 7,397 square feet of gross building area. The buildings are from 8 to 141 years old. The comparables each have a full basement that is finished with either a recreation room or an apartment. Each comparable has from three to ten full bathrooms and from one to three half bathrooms. One comparable has central air conditioning and three comparables each have either a one-car or a three-car garage. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$18,014 to \$35,120 or from \$2.44 to \$5.28 per square foot of gross building area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$21,515 or \$3.53 per square foot of gross building area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$55,000. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$36,250 or \$5.95 per square foot of gross building area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code as the subject. The comparables are located within the same block or approximately ¼ of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story or three-story multi-family buildings of masonry or frame and masonry exterior construction ranging in size from 2,898 to 3,828 square feet of gross building area. The buildings are each 131 years old. One comparable has a crawl space foundation, one comparable has a concrete slab foundation and two comparables each have a full unfinished basement. Each comparable has three full bathrooms and two comparables each have one or three additional half bathrooms. Comparable #4 has central air conditioning and a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$25,250 to \$37,000 or from \$8.71 to \$9.67 per square foot of gross building area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted nine comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2 and #3, as well as the four comparables submitted by the board of review which differ from the subject building in size and/or age.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparables #4 and #5, which have the same assessment neighborhood code and property classification code as the

subject. The comparables are overall more similar to the subject building in size and age. However, each building has features with varying degrees of similarity when compared to the subject, suggesting adjustments would be required in order to make the comparables more equivalent to the subject. Nevertheless, these two comparables have improvement assessments \$34,750 and \$35,120 or \$5.24 and \$5.28 per square foot of gross building area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$36,250 or \$5.95 per square foot of gross building area is greater than the two best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is excessive. Based on this record, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

### **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	May 20, 2025
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

2029 West Washington LLC, by attorney: Ciarra Schmidt Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd. 111 W. Washington St. Suite 1300 Chicago, IL 60602

### **COUNTY**

Cook County Board of Review County Building, Room 601 118 North Clark Street Chicago, IL 60602