

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Thomas Jones
DOCKET NO.: 21-21300.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-32-202-071-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Thomas Jones, the appellant, by Amy C. Floyd, attorney at law in Chicago, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$10,560 **IMPR.:** \$68,721 **TOTAL:** \$79,281

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of frame exterior construction with 3,440 square feet of living area. The dwelling is approximately 17 years old. Features of the property include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, $3\frac{1}{2}$ bathrooms, and a 2-car garage. The property has an 8,448 square foot site located in Wilmette, New Trier Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-78 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables composed of class 2-78 properties improved with two-story dwellings of masonry or frame exterior construction that range in size from 3,080 to 3,714 square feet of living area. The homes range in age from 16 to 27 years old. Three of the comparables have a partial or full basement and one comparable has a crawl space foundation. Each property has central air

conditioning, one or two fireplaces, and 2½, 3½ or 4½ bathrooms. The appellant did not disclose on the assessment grid analysis whether the comparables have garages, however, copies of photographs of the comparables depict comparables #1 and #4 as having garages. These properties have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. Their improvement assessments range from \$52,272 to \$63,733 or from \$15.77 to \$17.35 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$59,306.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$79,281. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$68,721 or \$19.98 per square foot of living area. The board of review described the subject property as having other improvements but did not provide any further descriptive information about the additional improvements.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables consisting of class 2-78 properties improved with two-story dwellings of frame or masonry exterior construction that range in size from 3,446 to 3,628 square feet of living area. The homes are 16 or 19 years old. Each property has a full basement with three having finished area, central air conditioning, one fireplace, 2½ or 3½ bathrooms, and a 2-car, 2½-car or 3-car garage. The comparables have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property and are located within the same block as the subject. Two comparables are located along the same street as the subject property. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$74,385 to \$87,352 or from \$20.77 to \$24.94 per square foot of living area.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains eight equity comparables submitted by the parties to support their respective positions. The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables which are more similar to the subject property in location, size, and age than are the comparables provided by the appellant. Additionally, the appellant did not disclose in the assessment grid analysis whether his comparables have garages, like the subject, which detracts from the Board's ability to determine the similarity of these properties to the subject property. The board of review comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$74,385 to \$87,352 or from \$20.77 to \$24.94 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$68,721 or \$19.98 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

| Chairman | |
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| Member | Member |
| Dan Dikini | Sarah Bobbler |
| Member | Member |
| DISSENTING: | |

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

| Date: | March 18, 2025 |
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

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