

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Dalip Pelinkovic DOCKET NO.: 21-07321.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 07-07-403-026

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dalip Pelinkovic, the appellant, by Jessica Hill-Magiera, Attorney at Law in Lake Zurich; and the DuPage County Board of Review.¹

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **DuPage** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$80,130 **IMPR.:** \$169,870 **TOTAL:** \$250,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the DuPage County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 5,461 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1990. Features of the home include a basement with finished area, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 3-car garage. The property has a 15,971 square foot site and is located in Aurora, Naperville Township, DuPage County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables that have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, dwelling size and features. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from

¹ The parties agreed to waive the scheduled hearing on this case and have the Board issue a decision based on the evidence in the record.

\$203,510 to \$240,130 or from \$39.14 to \$45.35 per square foot of living area including land. The appellant also reported the subject was an owner-occupied dwelling. Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$350,070. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$269,940 or \$49.43 per square foot of living area. The board of review also reported that 2019 was the first year of the General Assessment Cycle for the subject property and an equalization factor of 1.00 for tax year 2021 was applied to non-farm properties in Naperville Township.

In response to the appellant's evidence, the board of review through the township assessor submitted information on the appellant's comparables noting differences in location, dwelling size, basement size and basement finished area when compared to the subject. The board of review also noted there is a pending 2020 appeal for the subject property.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, dwelling size and features. Board of review comparable #2 is a duplicate of appellant's comparable #4. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$233,070 to \$284,060 or from \$44.95 to \$50.32 per square foot of living area including land. The assessor also provided a map of both parties' comparable sales depicting the locations in relation to the subject along with property record cards and exterior photographs of both parties' comparable sales. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

In written rebuttal, counsel for the appellant argued county comparables #1, #3 and #4 are not comparable due to differences in dwelling size and/or garage size.

The Property Tax Appeal Board takes judicial notice that this property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board in the prior year under Docket Number 20-08434.001-R-1. In that appeal the Property Tax Appeal Board issued a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$250,000 based on the evidence in the record.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contend assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments, for the assessment year in question, of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity, and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds, however, that this matter is controlled by Sec. 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185).

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Board finds that the subject property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board for the prior 2020 tax year under Docket No. 20-08434.001-R-1 in which a decision was issued based on the evidence in the record reducing the subject's assessment to \$250,000. The record further disclosed the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling. The Board also finds that the 2020 and 2021 tax years are within the same general assessment period and an equalization factor of 1.000 was applied in Naperville Township for the 2021 tax year. Furthermore, the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2020 tax year has not yet been reversed or modified upon review and there was no evidence the subject property recently sold establishing a different fair cash value. Applying section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) to the Board's prior 2020 decision results in an assessment of \$250,000 (\$250,000 x 1.000 = \$250,000) which is less than the subject's final 2021 assessment as established by the board of review of \$350,070. Considering the statutory mandates of section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185), the Property Tax Appeal Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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	Chairman
R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	December 19, 2023
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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

DuPage County Board of Review DuPage Center 421 N. County Farm Road Wheaton, IL 60187