



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Thomas Maloney
DOCKET NO.: 21-06822.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 23-20.0-402-001

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Thomas Maloney, the appellant; and the Sangamon County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **A Reduction** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Sangamon** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$20,457
IMPR.: \$79,656
TOTAL: \$100,113

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Sangamon County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick and vinyl exterior construction with 2,769 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1998. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 774 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 32,808 square foot site and is located in Rochester, Rochester Township, Sangamon County.

The subject property is an owner-occupied residence that was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board the prior years under docket numbers 19-09414 and 20-08916. In those appeals, the Property Tax Appeal Board rendered decisions lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$99,475 and \$98,828, respectively, based on the evidence. The Board takes notice that 2019 was the beginning of the subject's general assessment cycle.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located within 0.50 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, dwelling size and other features. The properties sold from October 2018 to July 2019 for prices ranging from \$340,000 to \$381,245 or from \$83.27 to \$94.51 per square foot of living area, land included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's total assessment be reduced to \$93,439 which reflects a market value of \$280,345 or \$101.24 per square foot of living area, land included, when applying the statutory level of assessment of 33.33%.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$112,038. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$336,450 or \$121.51 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2021 three-year average median level of assessment for Sangamon County of 33.30% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on ten comparable sales located in the same city as the subject property. The comparables have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in location, age, design, dwelling size and other features. The properties sold from October 2020 to September 2021 for prices ranging from \$280,000 to \$612,000 or from \$106.18 to \$191.77 per square foot of living area, land included.

The board of review also submitted comments contending the appellant did not appear at the board of review hearing and a copy of notes from its Sangamon County Board of Review hearing on the subject property. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

In rebuttal, the appellant submitted a copy of the hearing notice, wherein the appellant is offered an option to have its evidence reviewed without the appellant being present. The appellant also submitted updated sale information for its comparable properties and critiqued the board of review's comparables.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds, pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185), a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the subject property was the matter of an appeal before this Board for prior tax years under docket numbers 19-09414 and 20-08916. In those appeals, the Property Tax Appeal Board rendered decisions lowering the subject's assessment to \$99,475 and \$98,828, respectively. The Property Tax Appeal Board takes notice that Rochester Township's general assessment period began in the 2019 tax year and continues through the

2022 tax year. The Board also finds this record shows that a 1.0130 equalization factor was issued in Rochester Township for the 2021 tax year. The Board further finds section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code is controlling in this appeal (35 ILCS 200/16-185).

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) states in part:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Board finds the subject property is an owner-occupied residence and that the 2020 and 2021 tax years are within the same general assessment period for Rochester Township. The record contains no evidence showing the subject property sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a different fair cash value. For these reasons, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the prior year's decision should be carried forward to the 2021 tax year pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted to reflect the Board's prior year's decision plus application of the 2021 equalization factor of 1.0130. ($\$98,828 \times 1.0130 = \$100,113$).

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

April 18, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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