



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Emily Roman
DOCKET NO.: 21-05106.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-01-105-010

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Emily Roman, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **No Change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$9,730
IMPR.: \$49,936
TOTAL: \$59,666

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property is improved with a bi-level/raised ranch style home with 504 square feet of ground floor living area and 1,028 square feet of above ground living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1984. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, and an integral garage in the basement 504 square feet of building area.¹ The property has an 8,738 square foot site and is in Lake Villa, Lake Villa Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on twelve equity comparables described as one-story dwellings of wood frame construction that range in size from 976 to 1,164 square feet of living area. The homes were built from 1978 to 1990. Each

¹ The board of review submitted a copy of the subject's property record card which provided descriptive information about the subject property.

comparable has central air conditioning, five comparables have unfinished basements, five comparables have one fireplace each, and eight comparables have a garage ranging in size from 420 to 594 square feet of building area. The comparables have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$46,085 to \$71,328 or from \$42.93 to \$62.02 per square foot of living area. The appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$47,401.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$59,666. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$49,936 or \$48.58 per square foot of above ground living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables improved with bi-level/raised ranch style dwellings of wood siding exterior construction with ground floor areas ranging in size from 818 to 1,000 square feet and above ground living areas that range in size from 1,028 to 1,092 square feet. The homes were built from 1973 to 1989. Each comparable has lower level finished area ranging in size from 818 to 1,000 square feet and central air conditioning. Four comparables have a garage ranging in size from 480 to 672 square feet of building area. These properties have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject property. The improvement assessments range from \$49,474 to \$56,950 or from \$48.13 to \$55.13 per square foot of above ground living area.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains seventeen comparables submitted by the parties to support their respective positions. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables as the description of these properties did not disclose that any of these homes were bi-level/raised ranch style homes like the subject property. The Board gives more weight to the comparables provided by the board of review as these properties have descriptions similar to the subject dwelling in that each is described as a bi-level/raised ranch style home with ground floor living areas ranging in size from 818 to 1,000 square feet and above ground living areas that range in size from 1,028 to 1,092 square feet. The subject dwelling is a bi-level/raised ranch style home with 504 square feet of ground floor living area and 1,028 square feet of above ground living area. The Board finds each of the board of review comparables has lower level finished area, unlike the subject property, suggesting each would require a downward adjustment for this feature. The subject has an unfinished partial basement whereas the comparables have no basements suggesting upward adjustments to the comparables may be needed for this characteristic. Board of review comparable #3 has no garage, unlike the subject property, suggesting this comparable would require an upward adjustment for this amenity. Board of review comparable #4 is 11 years older

than the subject dwelling suggesting an upward adjustment for age would be appropriate for this property. The board of review comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$49,474 to \$56,950 or from \$48.13 to \$55.13 per square foot of above ground living area. The subject's improvement assessment \$49,936 or \$48.58 per square foot of above ground living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record, after considering the suggested adjustments to the best comparables, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

November 21, 2023



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

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