

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Stephen Schumacher DOCKET NO.: 21-04822.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-33-304-016

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Stephen Schumacher, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>A Reduction</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$46,962 **IMPR.:** \$113,638 **TOTAL:** \$160,600

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

## **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

## **Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 3,003 square feet of living area.<sup>1</sup> The dwelling was constructed in 1991. Features of the home include a basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace, and a 682 square foot garage. The property has a 42,156 square foot site and is located in Deer Park, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity regarding the land assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on twelve equity comparables located from 0.10 of a mile to 1.68 miles from the subject. The parcels range in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The parties differ regarding the subject's dwelling size. The Board finds the best evidence of dwelling size is found in the subject's property record card presented by the board of review which was not refuted by the appellant in written rebuttal.

size from 40,923 to 45,754 square feet of land area and have land assessments ranging from \$35,913 to \$44,305 or from \$0.83 to \$1.01 per square foot of land area.

The appellant disclosed in the appeal petition that the appellant's mailing address is the same address as the subject property, indicating that the subject is an owner-occupied dwelling. The Board takes judicial notice that this property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Board the prior year under Docket Number 20-04705.001-R-1. In that appeal the Board issued a decision lowering the assessment of the subject property to \$160,600 based on the evidence submitted by the parties.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's land assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$171,664. The subject property has a land assessment of \$46,962 or \$1.11 per square foot of land area.

Also, as part of the "Board of Review Notes on Appeal," the board of review reported that 2019 was the first year of the general assessment cycle for the subject property and that for tax year 2021 an equalization factor of 1.00 was applied to non-farm properties in Ela Township.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables located within 0.09 of a mile from the subject. The parcels range in size from 40,817 to 43,592 square feet of land area and have land assessments ranging from \$45,571 to \$48,537 or of \$1.11 per square foot of land area. The board of review noted the comparables are lakefront lots.

The board of review submitted a letter from the township assessor's office contending that the subject is a lakefront lot whereas none of the appellant's comparables are lakefront lots.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested the subject's land assessment be sustained.

#### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b).

The Board finds, pursuant to section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-185) a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted. In pertinent part, section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides:

If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel on which a residence occupied by the owner is situated, such

reduced assessment, subject to equalization, shall remain in effect for the remainder of the general assessment period as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, unless that parcel is subsequently sold in an arm's length transaction establishing a fair cash value for the parcel that is different from the fair cash value on which the Board's assessment is based, or unless the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board is reversed or modified upon review.

The Board finds that the subject property was the subject matter of an appeal before the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2020 tax year under Docket No. 20-04705.001-R-1 in which a decision was issued based upon the evidence presented by the parties reducing the subject's assessment to \$160,600. The record further indicates the subject property is an owner-occupied dwelling. The Board also finds that the 2019 to 2021 tax years are within the same general assessment period and an equalization factor of 1.00 was applied in Ela Township in 2021. Furthermore, the decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board for the 2020 tax year has not been reversed or modified upon review and there was no evidence the subject property recently sold establishing a different fair cash value. Applying section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code would result in a reduced total assessment of \$160,600, which is less than the 2021 assessment of the subject property of \$171,664.

Additionally, notwithstanding the dictates of Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code, the record contains a total of sixteen equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The comparables have land assessments that range from \$35,913 to \$48,537 or from \$0.83 to \$1.11 per square foot of land area. The subject's land assessment after reduction of \$46,962 or \$1.11 per square foot of land area falls within the range established by the comparables in this record. Based on this record, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's land was inequitably assessed and no further reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

·	Chairman
C. R.	asort Soffen
Member	Member
Dan Dikini	Sarah Bolley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:CERTI	FICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	March 21, 2023
	14:1016
	Mallon

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

## **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

## **APPELLANT**

Stephen Schumacher, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085