

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Manolito Guevarra
DOCKET NO.:	21-04493.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	06-09-102-058

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Manolito Guevarra, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest, and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>No Change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$9,218
IMPR.:	\$69,209
TOTAL:	\$78,427

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 2,077 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1997. Features of the home include a basement finished with a recreation room,¹ central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 620 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 8,710 square foot site and is located in Round Lake Beach, Lake Villa Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal concerning the improvement assessment. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on twelve equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and

¹ While the appellant failed to report the finished basement of the subject, the Board finds the best evidence of the subject's characteristics was provided by the property record card submitted by the board of review and which was not refuted in rebuttal.

within .72 of a mile from the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction that were built from 1993 to 2002. The dwellings range in size from 1,996 to 2,085 square feet of living area and have unfinished basements as reported by the appellant. Each comparable has central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 420 to 704 square feet of building area. Four homes each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$48,358 to \$66,316 or from \$24.23 to \$31.87 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduced improvement assessment of \$65,488 or \$31.53 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$78,427. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$69,209 or \$33.32 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on five equity comparables located in the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and within .53 of a mile from the subject. The comparables consist of two-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction that were built in 1998 or 2001. The dwellings range in size from 1,905 to 2,219 square feet of living area, with a basement finished with a recreation room, central air conditioning and either a 420 square foot or a 462 square foot garage. Two comparables each have a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$63,579 to \$72,839 or from \$32.83 to \$33.87 per square foot of living area.

Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of seventeen equity comparables to support their respective positions before the Property Tax Appeal Board. The Board has given reduced weight to the appellant's twelve comparables which, as reported by the appellant, lack basement finish and thus are inferior to the subject property which has a recreation room.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the five board of review comparables which are similar to the subject property in location, age, dwelling size and several features. These comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$63,579 to \$72,839 or from \$32.83 to \$33.87 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$69,209 or \$33.32 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best

comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

<u>CERTIFICATION</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

October 17, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

Manolito Guevarra, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085