

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Tom Kramer
DOCKET NO.: 21-04472.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 06-03-101-010

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Tom Kramer, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *no change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$12,154 **IMPR.:** \$66,283 **TOTAL:** \$78,437

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 1,852 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2002. Features of the home include a walk-out basement with finished area, central air conditioning, 3.5 bathrooms, a fireplace and a 483 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 7,841 square foot site and is located in Lake Villa, Lake Villa Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted information on 12 equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and 11 comparables are located within .32 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,760 to 1,864 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1996 to 2002. Each

comparable has a central air conditioning, 2.5 bathrooms and a garage ranging in size from 400 to 483 square feet of building area. Comparable #3 has a fireplace. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$57,250 to \$60,556 or from \$32.09 to \$32.60 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's improvement assessment be reduced to \$60,005 or \$32.40 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$78,437. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$66,283 or \$35.79 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four equity comparables that have the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject and are located within .27 of a mile from the subject property. The comparables are improved with two-story dwellings of wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,824 to 2,268 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1998 to 2002. Each comparable has a walk-out basement with finished area, central air conditioning, 2.5 or 3.5 bathrooms, a fireplace and a garage ranging in size from 483 to 621 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$63,223 to \$75,647 or from \$33.35 to \$35.61 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of 16 suggested equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board has given less weight to the appellant's comparables due to their lack of finished basement area, a feature of the subject. The Board has given reduced weight to board of review comparable #4 due to its larger dwelling size, when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be board of review comparables #1, #2 and #3, which have walk out basements with finished area, like the subject and are similar to the subject in location, dwelling size, design and age. However, the Board finds none of the three comparables were reported to have a metal utility shed like the subject and two of the three comparables have a fewer number of bathrooms when compared to the subject, suggesting upward adjustments would be required to make these comparables more equivalent to the subject. Nevertheless, these best comparables have improvement assessments that range from \$63,223 to \$72,076 or from \$34.66 to \$35.61 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$66,283 or \$35.79 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record in terms of total improvement assessment

but slightly above the range on a per square foot basis, which appears to be justified given its superior number of bathrooms and metal utility shed. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 21, 2023	
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	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085